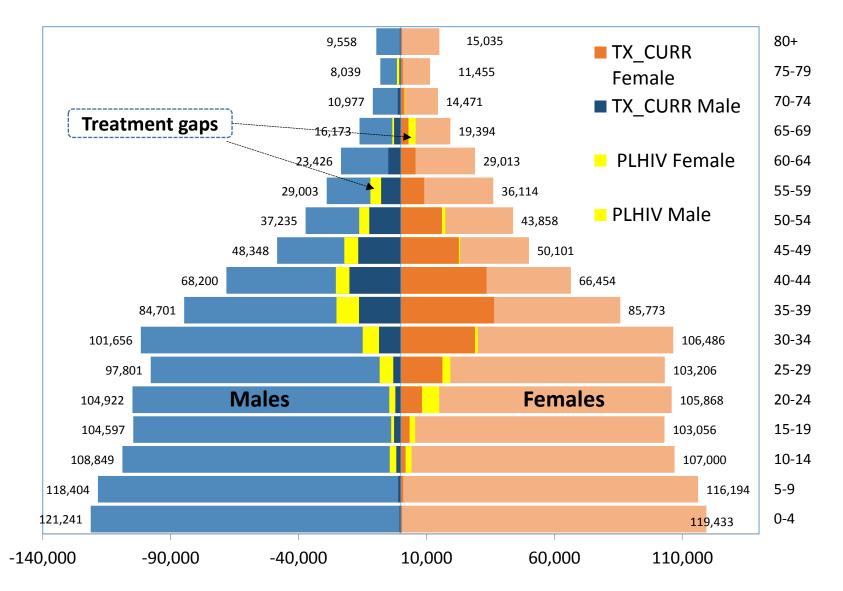
COP 2017 Approval Meeting Out-brief Botswana

April 26, 2017

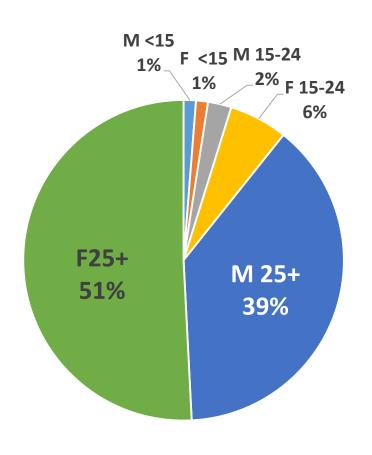




Botswana Population, PLHIV and TX_CURR



PLHIV by age





Annual Investment Profile by Program Area

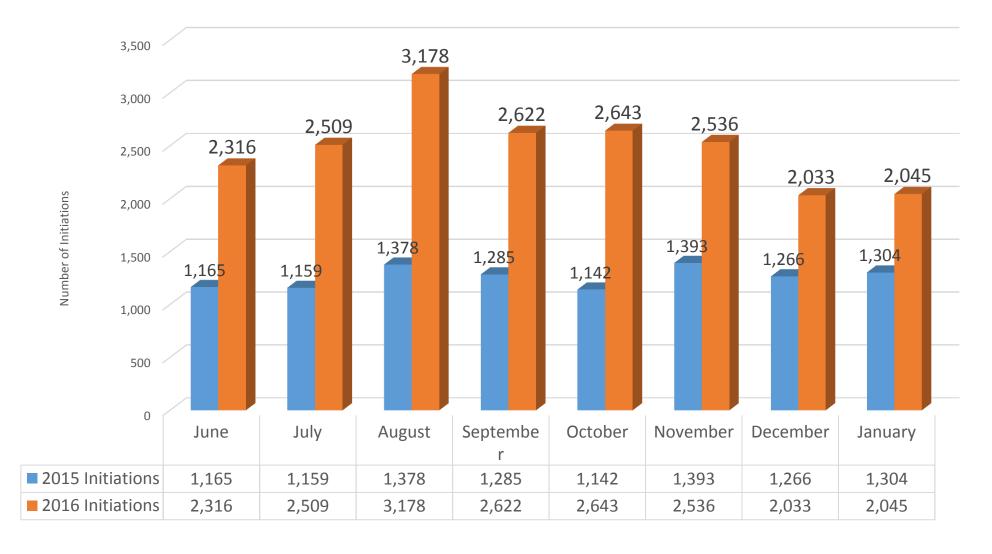
| Total Current | | Percent Contribution | | | |
|--|-------------------|----------------------|----|-----|-------|
| Program Area | Expenditure | | | | |
| | (millions USD) | PEPFAR | GF | GoB | Other |
| Clinical care, treatment and support | 220.9 | 14% | 0% | 83% | 3% |
| Community-based care, treatment, support | Not disaggregated | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| PMTCT | 5.1 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| HTS | 4.9 | 78% | 0% | 22% | 0% |
| VMMC | 4.2 | 90% | 1% | 9% | 3% |
| Population prevention | 20.1 | 55% | 1% | 43% | 1% |
| OVC | 53.0 | 2% | 0% | 98% | 0% |
| Laboratory | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| SI, Surveys and Surveillance | 15.4 | 100% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| HSS | 1.5 | 99% | 0% | 1% | 0% |
| Other* | 43.9 | 85% | 0% | 15% | 0% |

^{*}Includes program management, administration, human resources and enabling environments

Source: NASA 2012, Gaborone, Botswana



Treat all initiations 2015/16/17 Government of Botswana data



TREAT
ALL
Launched
June 2016



Policy Update

| Policy | Barriers | Next Steps | Consequences |
|---|---|--|---|
| Same Day / Rapid ART Initiation | Different opinions Guidelines not finalized; need to document communication to districts | MOHW continue to build buy in and include PLHIV in Guideline Committee; review upcoming WHO guidelines Finalize Guidelines; Savingram for documentation | Decreased TX_New due to losses between diagnosis and ART initiation; client dissatisfaction; inability to attain epi control |
| Differentiated Service Delivery Models/Stable patients | No MOHW policy; Inconsistent practice among HCWs | Define, extend and monitor MMD, fast track refills, community ART Include in both Treatment and Community Guidelines; Savingram | Increased LTFU; decreased VL suppression; client dissatisfaction; More crowded health care facilities and fewer ART initiations |
| TPT | No policy guidelines | Revitalize Task Force and review newer data | Higher TB incidence and mortality among PLHIV |
| Non-Citizens | Data needed to cost coverage; delays in modeling by USG/UN development partner group | Complete estimates of numbers, epi impact, costs Complete policy brief | Increased morbidity, mortality, transmission; inability to attain epi control |

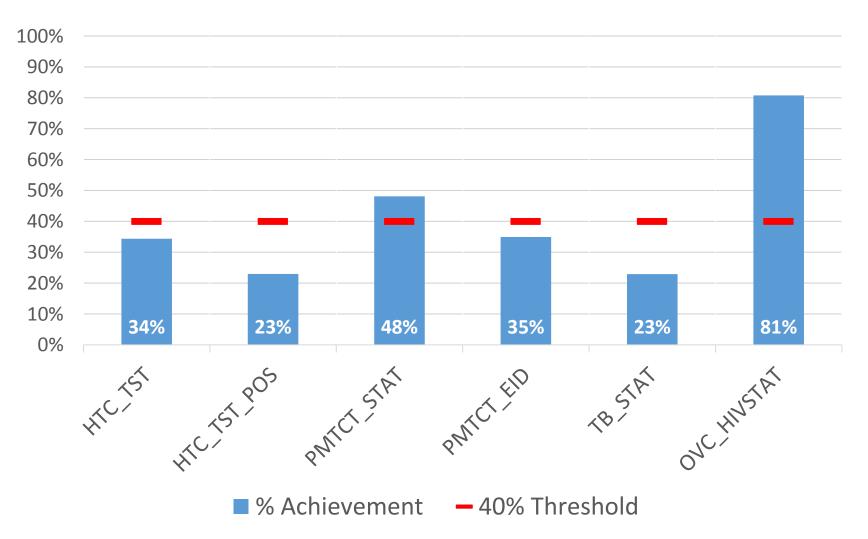


First 90 – COP 16 Results through Q2



1st 90: HTS

- Good achievement for PMTCT_STAT and OVC_HIVSTAT
- Room for improvement for HTC_TST, HTC_TST_POS, PMTCT_EID and TB_STAT indicators

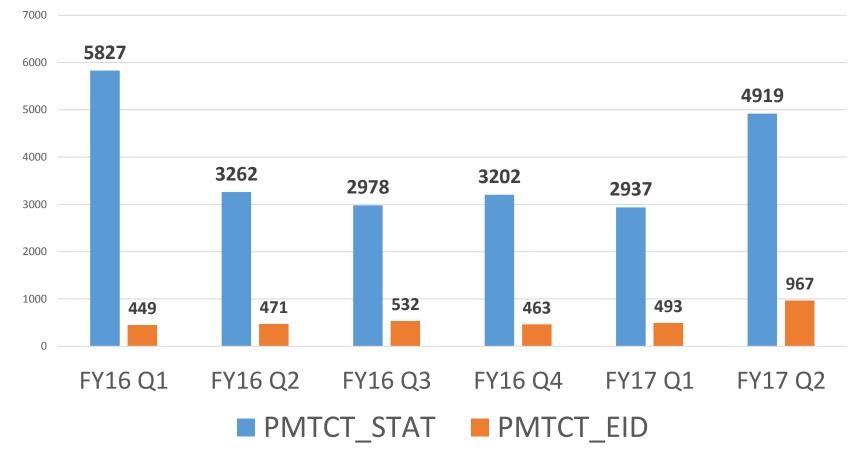


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Trends in PMTCT_STAT and PMTCT_EID by quarter

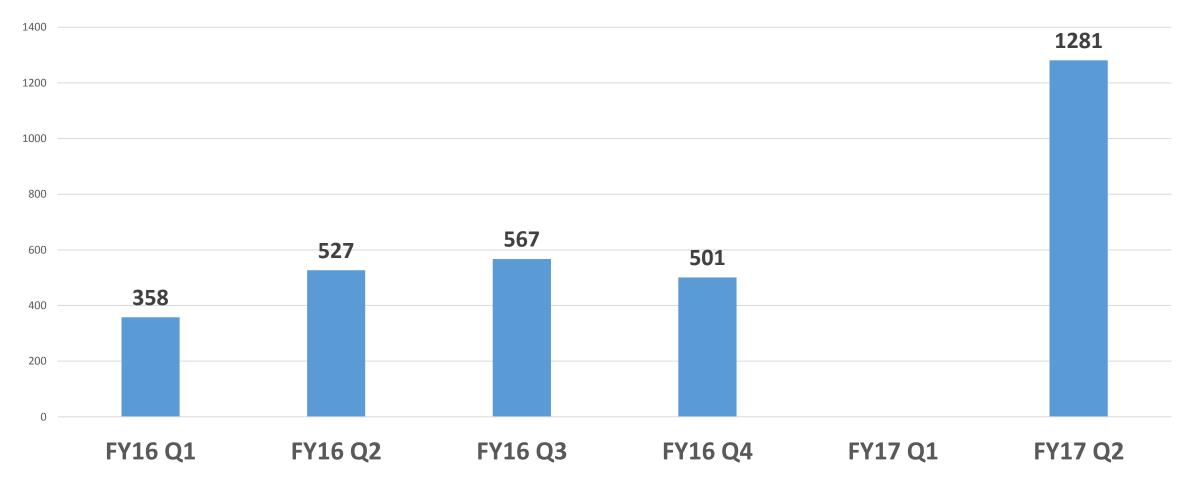
Even though PMTCT_EID performance under the 40% threshold, trends show an upward trajectory from FY17 Q1 to Q2.



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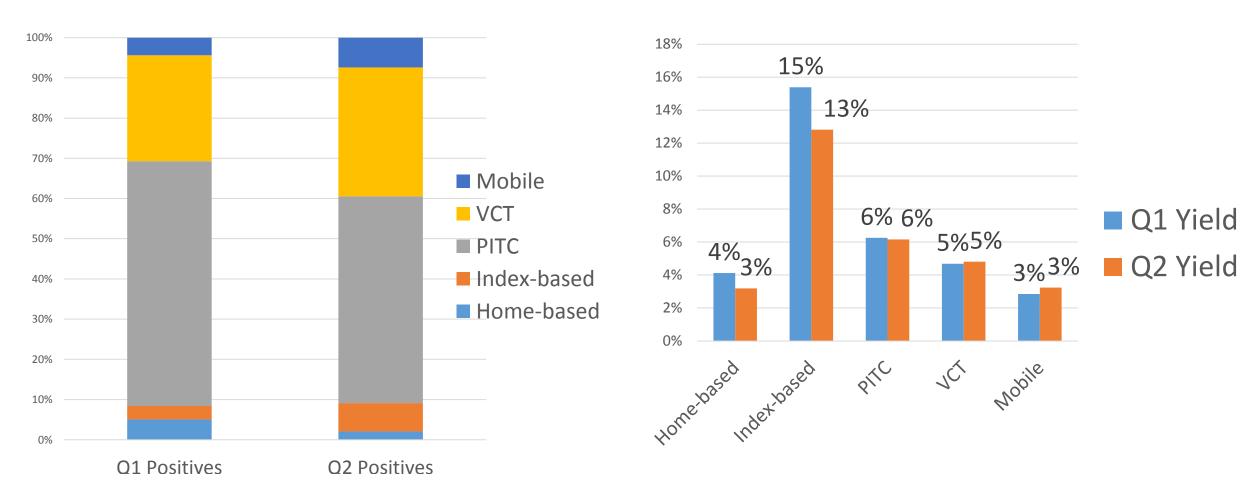
Trends in TB_STAT by quarter



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Distribution of Positives and yield by modality (Q1 and Q2)



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First 90 – Surge Strategies



Aggressive strategies to achieving FY17 targets leading into FY18



- February 27 MOHW Senior Leadership Meeting on "Surge" at MOHW HQ led by P.S.
- March 1 All Hands with MoHW, Implementing Partners and DHMTs, led by P.S. at PEPFAR/B HQ. Review of New Strategies and targets,
- March 3 All DHMT and partner meeting with support from Ambassador Miller
- March DHMTs work with IPs to develop aggressive workplans and localized strategies



First 90: Surge Implementation

| Strategy | Progress |
|---|---|
| Finalize and Operationalize Partner Notification SoP | Final draft shared with MoH and IPs |
| Prioritize HIV testing in PMTCT settings and partner notification | Dedicated HCAs are now at SRH clinics |
| Finding and testing men | Facilities now offer after hours and weekend for men Initiated priority services for men |
| Expanded Index based testing | Partnerships between I-TECH and APC established to follow index clients in communities |



First 90: Surge Implementation Facility/Community Operations

| Strategy | Progress |
|---|---|
| Increase the total number of HCWs and coverage at the service delivery points | Recruited 62 community testers 10 facilities were identified with immediate requirements for HCAs Hired and deployed additional HCAs Interviews are underway to recruit additional 30 HCAs |
| Implement shift work (after hours and weekends) | After hours and weekend testing initiated at facilities and communities. Dedicated coverage for Accident and Emergency departments for all hospitals. |



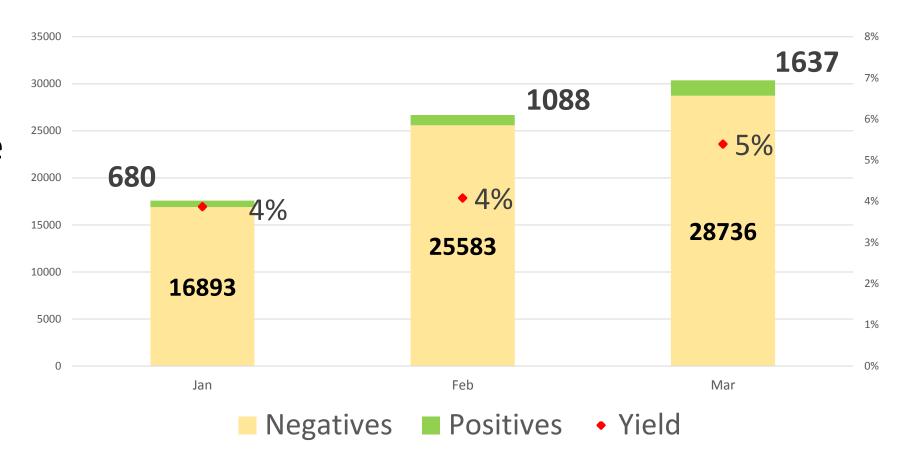
First 90: Surge Implementation Screening and Testing

| Strategy | Progress |
|----------------------------------|--|
| ALL TB presumptives and cases | Over 90% of TB suspects being tested at I-TECH/UPENN facilities Partnership between UPENN & APC in facilities and communities to enable testing of TB presumptives |
| ALL STI patients | Developed a comprehensive tool to screen patients for STI, TB and positives not on treatment Placed dedicated HCA at the STI clinic in Gaborone. HCAs to screen offer and test at general OPD at large facilities for TB and STI. |
| ALL In-patients at the hospitals | Offering testing to all eligible in-patients at ALL hospitals. |



Testing trends by month for FY17 Q2 [REDACTED]

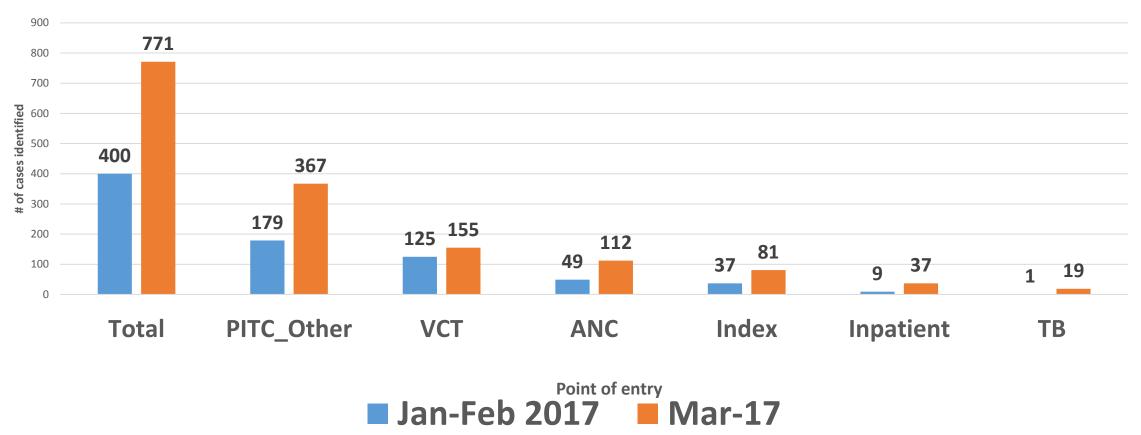
Consistent increase in numbers tested and positives identified in the months of Q2



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Increase in Case Identification by point of entry 37 [REDACTED] supported DSD facilities



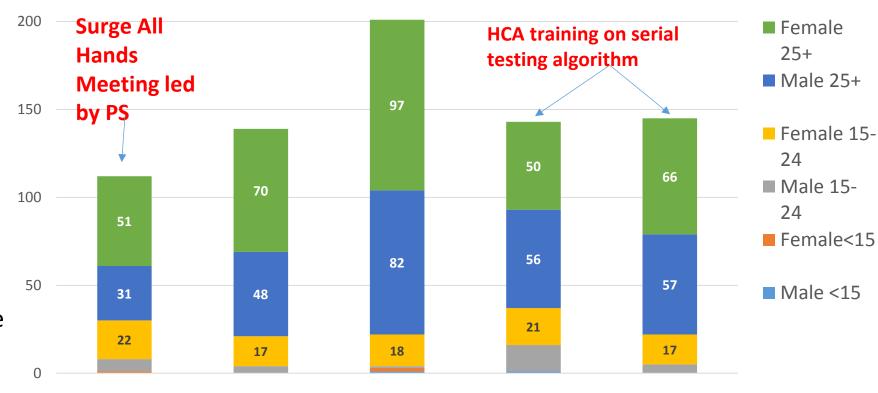
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Number of positives identified by age/sex band per week

 Increase in number of positives

- identified from week 1 peaking in week 3
- Reduction in positives identified after week 3 due to lay counselors attending serial algorithm training
- More positives identified among older age group (25+) reflecting where there is highest burden of PLHIV



Feb 26 - Mar 4 Mar 5 - Mar 11Mar 12 - Mar 18Mar 19 - Mar 25 Mar 26 - Apr 1

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HTC Surge Strategy for Q3-Q4 Community



Increasing Number of CHWs

98 CHW to 160 CHW

HTC_TST



Remaining FY17 Target: **46,076**



160 CHWs, 23 weeks remaining



Each counselor to test: 3 people/DAY

HTC_TST_POS



Remaining FY17 Target: **5,119**



160 CHWs, 23 weeks remaining



Each counselor to find: 1
PLHIV/WEEK

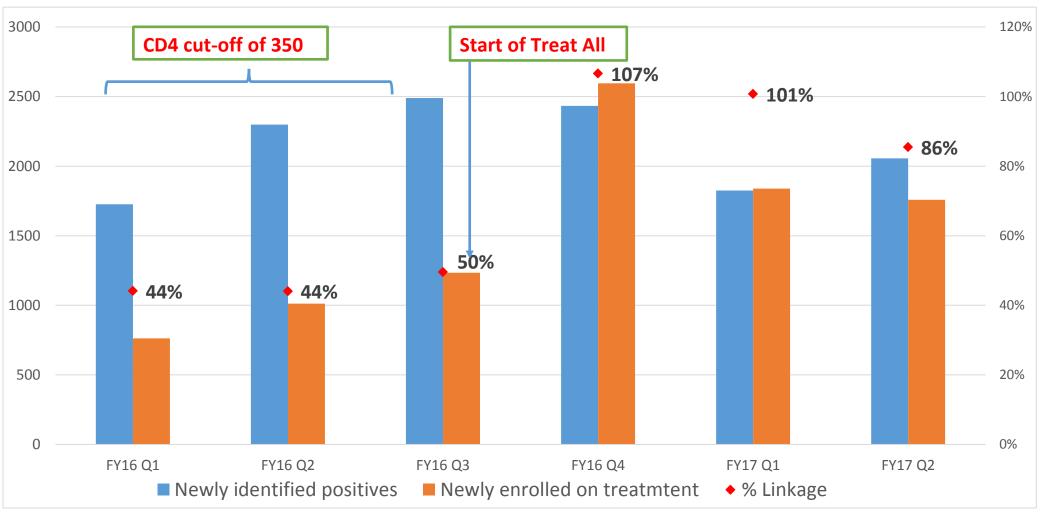


Linkage to Care and Treatment



Trends in linkage to treatment

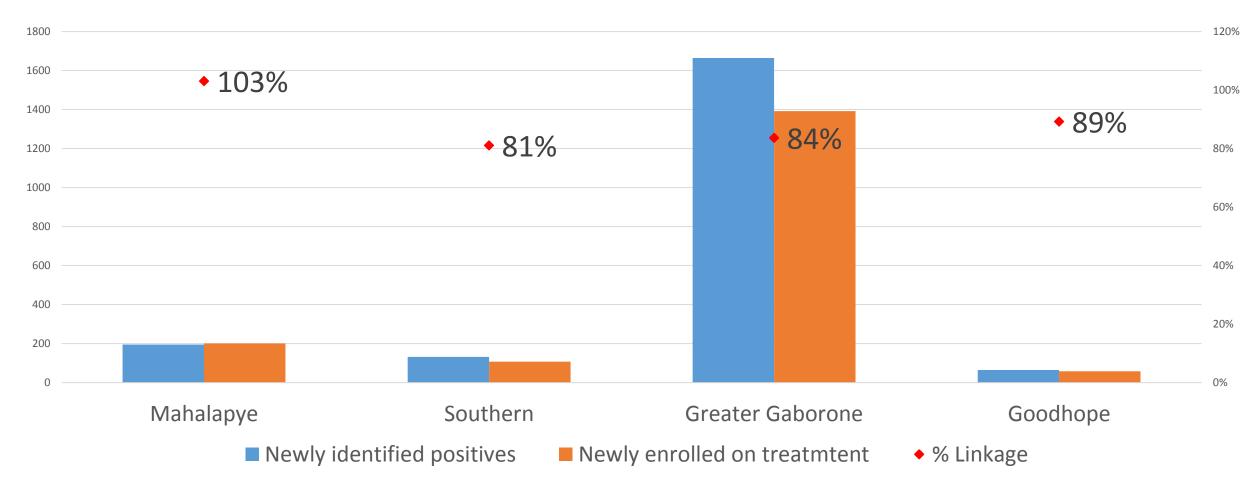
42 facilities in scale up SNUs where both testing and treatment partners provide support



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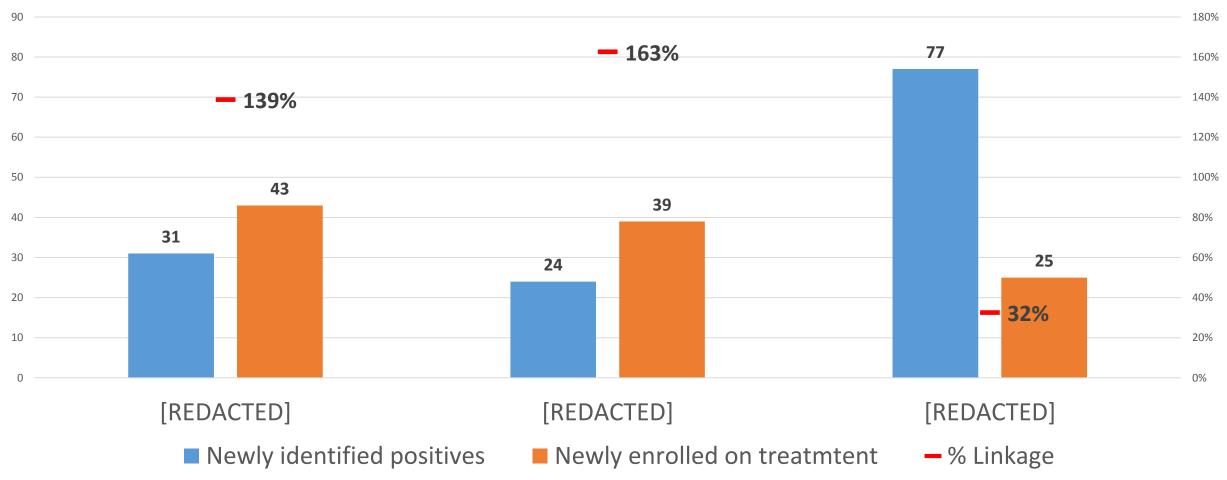
Linkage to treatment by district by FY 17 Q2



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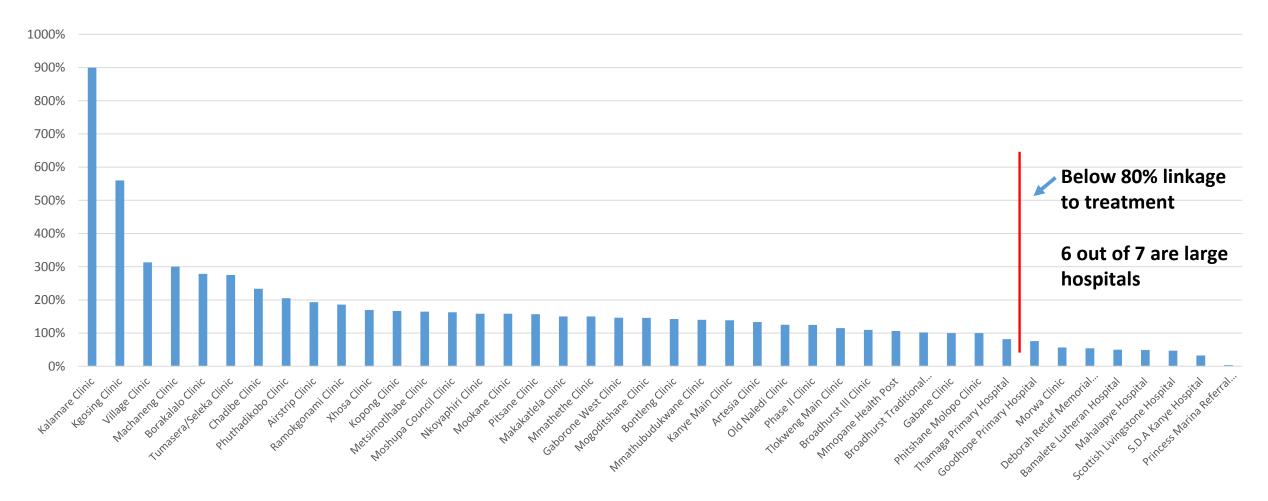
Linkage to treatment in Southern district facilities by FY17 Q2



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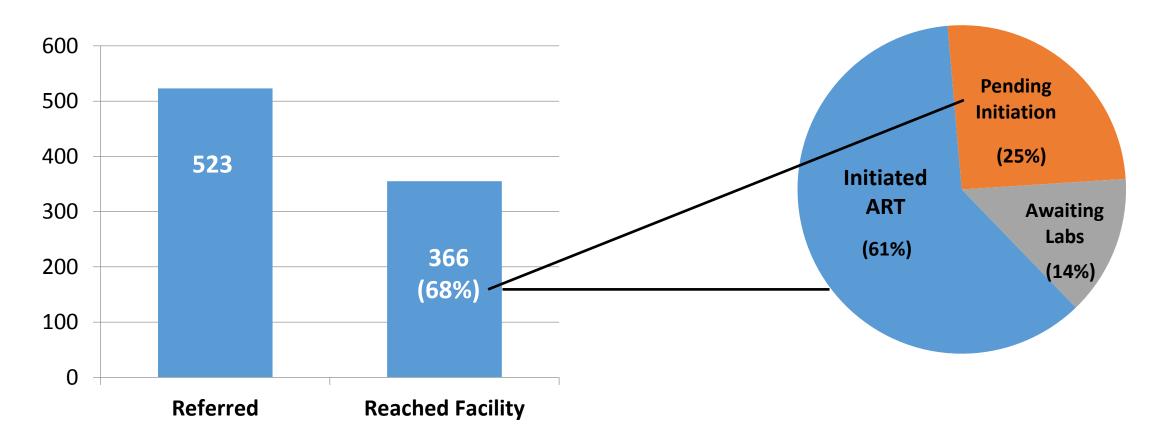
Linkage to treatment per facility by FY 17 Q2



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Community Linkage to Care - SAPR17

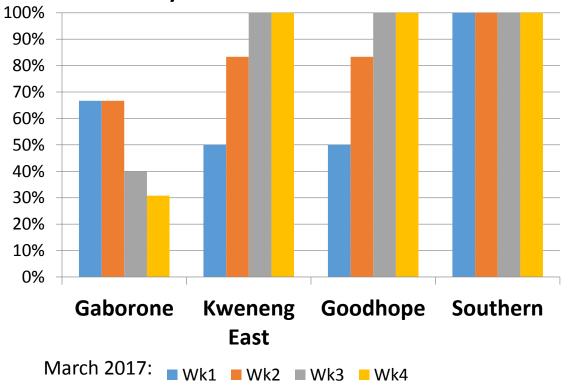


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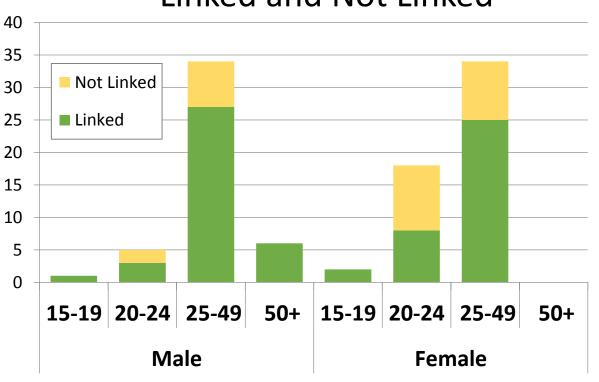


Community Linkages: March 2017

Percent of Positives Linked by Week and District



Sex and Age of Positives Linked and Not Linked



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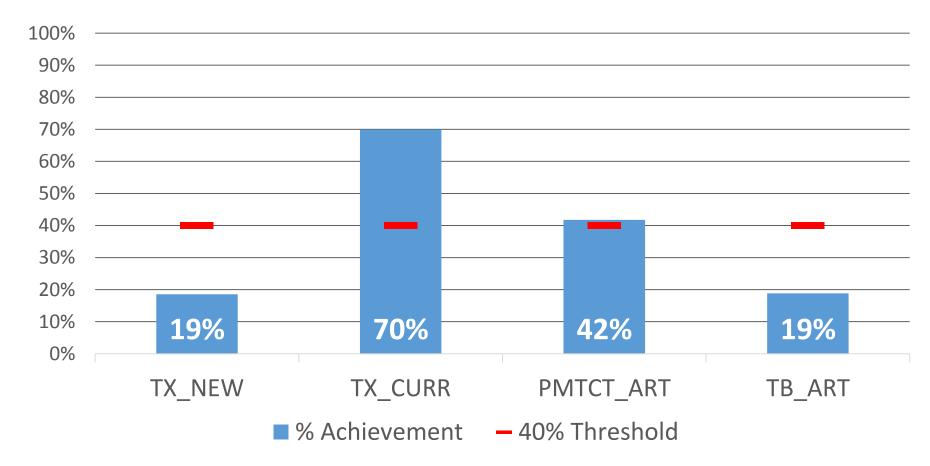


Second 90 – COP 16 Results through Q2



2nd 90: Care and Treatment

- Good achievement for PMTCT_ART and TX CURR
- Low achievement for TB_ART and TX_NEW

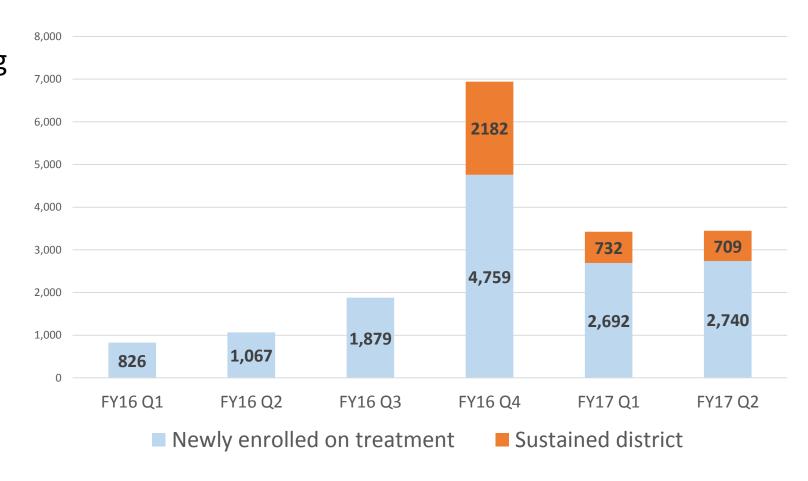


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Trends in TX_NEW by quarter

- Bump in Q4 results showing the benefits of Treat All (June 2016 start)
- Sustained TX_NEW results for Q4 are cumulative for the whole year (FY16)
- TX_NEW numbers maintained at higher levels in FY17 compared to FY16

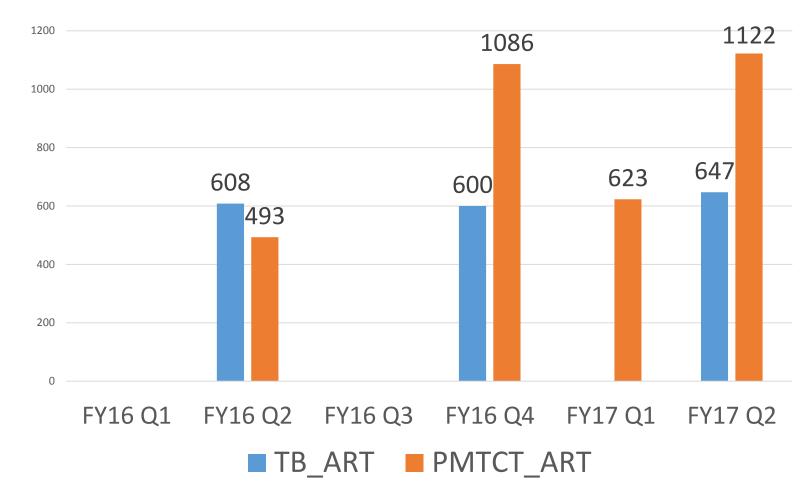


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Trends in PMTCT_ART and TB_ART by quarter

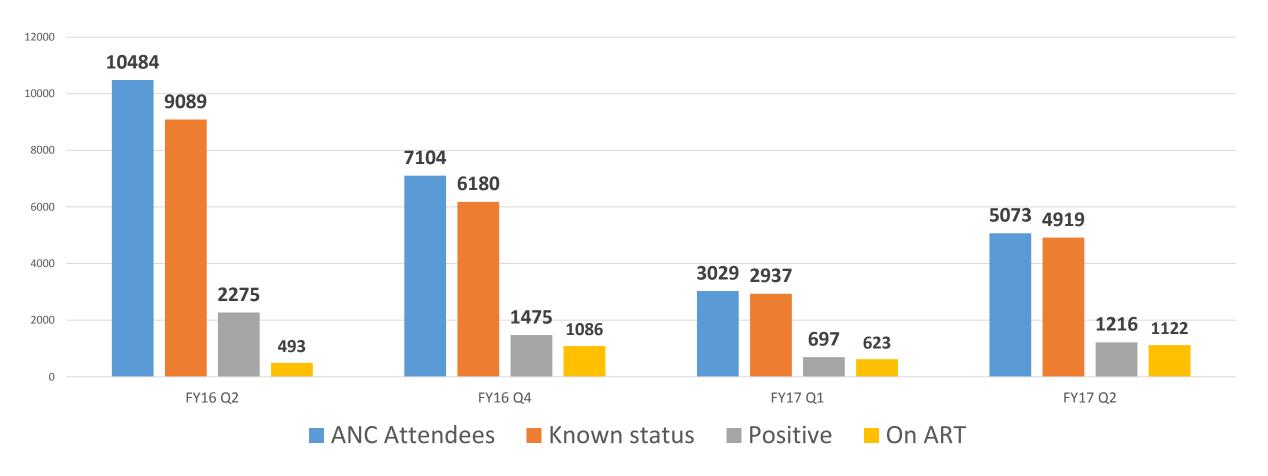
- Constant numbers for TB_ART achieved across quarters
- Increase in PMTCT_ART across quarters, almost doubling from Q1 to Q2 of FY17



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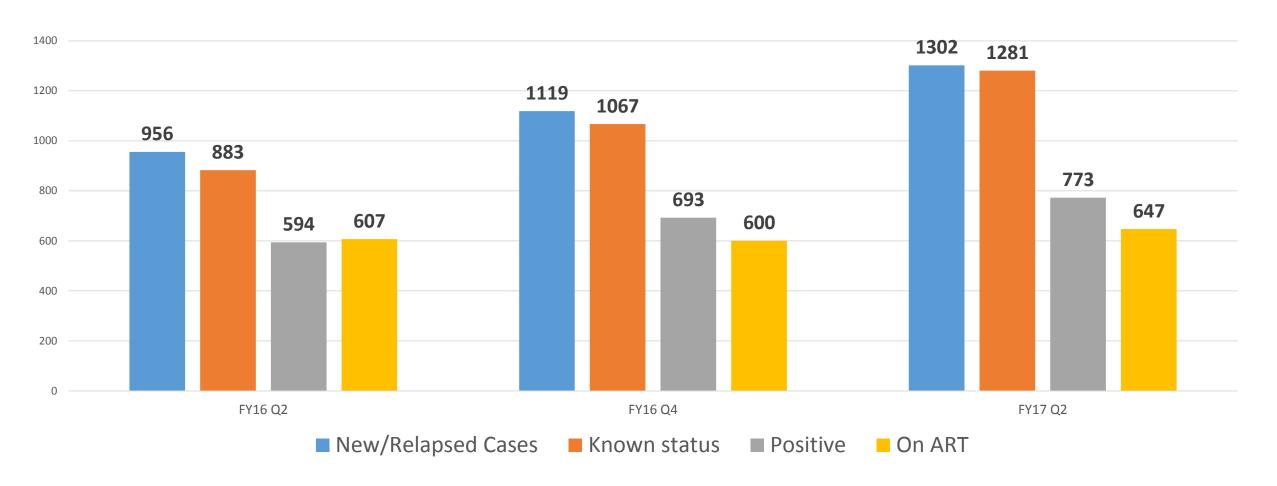
PMTCT Cascade



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TB Cascade



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Second 90 – Surge Strategies



Second 90: Surge Implementation

| Strategy | Progress |
|--|---|
| Fast tracking of ART initiations | Reduced waiting times Reduced multiple pre-initiation visits Introduced fast track initiations Trained 87 nurse dispensers |
| Review facilities process to minimize delays in initiation | Group Pre ART education and baselines test not a pre requisite |
| Rapid dissemination of revised ART guidelines | Currently on hold |



Second 90: Surge Implementation

| Strategy | Progress |
|---|--|
| Expand ART services to evening and weekends to targeting men | Some districts expanded ART services to weekends |
| Establish the backlog of patients who require treatment from HTC registers or patients not initiated (includes TAP stopped) | Ongoing activity |

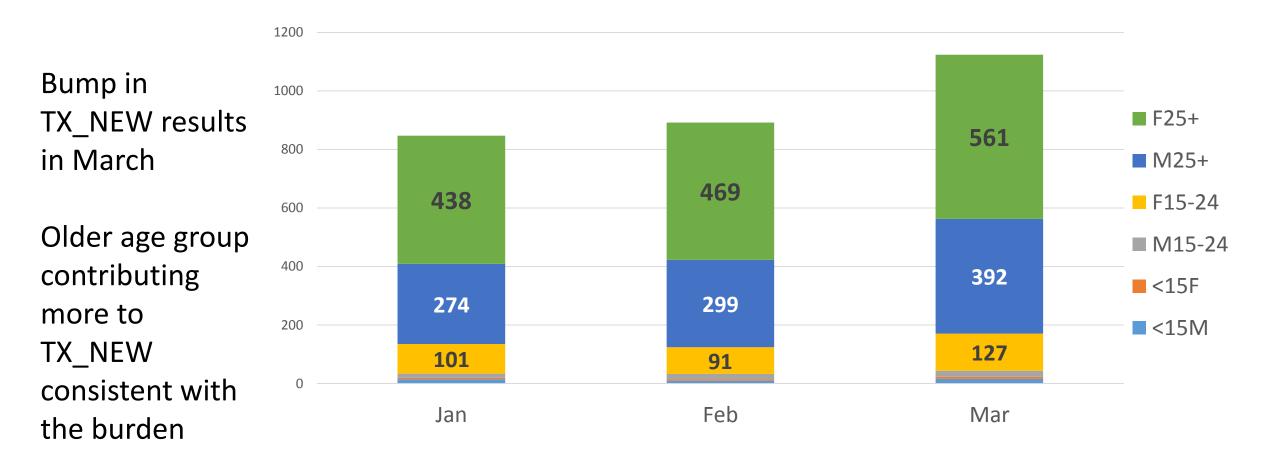


Second 90: Surge Implementation

| Strategy | Progress |
|---|--|
| Strengthening linkage from testing to treatment | 38 FBLO recruited in scale up districts. Improved patient care navigation processes at facilities |
| Establish monitoring of surge process | Monitoring tools developed and used by IPs |
| Strengthen Patient treatment literacy | Health Education now routine Developing client literacy material with DHAPC |



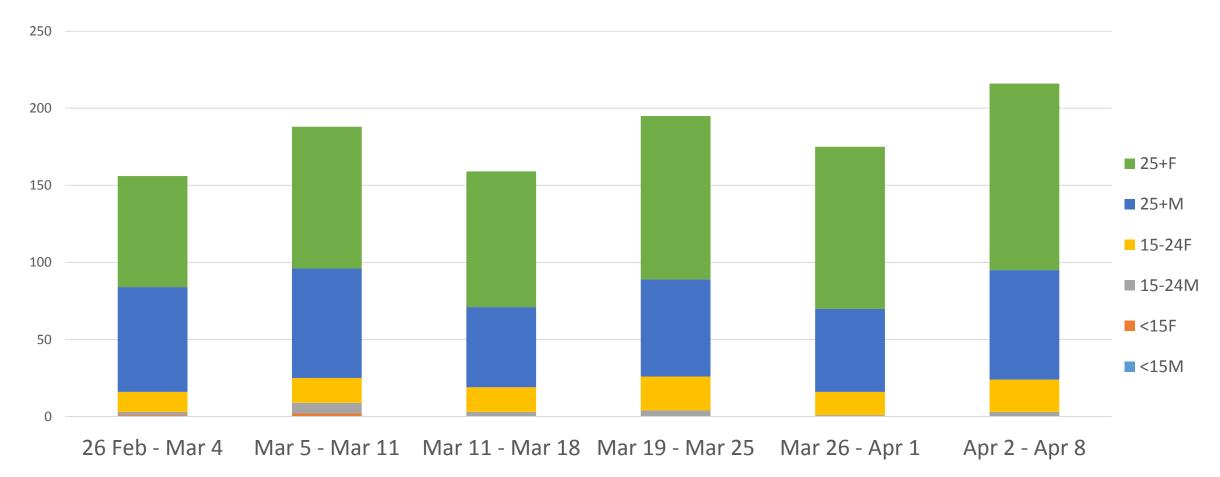
Trends in TX_NEW by month [REDACTED]



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Trends in TX_NEW by age/sex and week



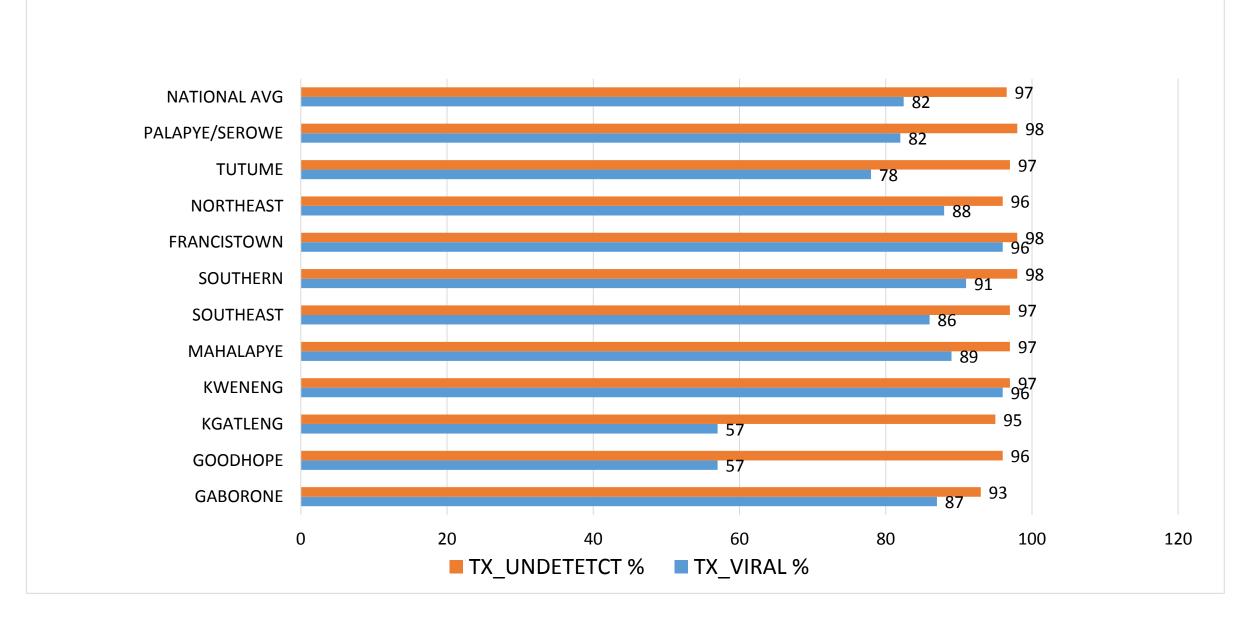
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Third 90

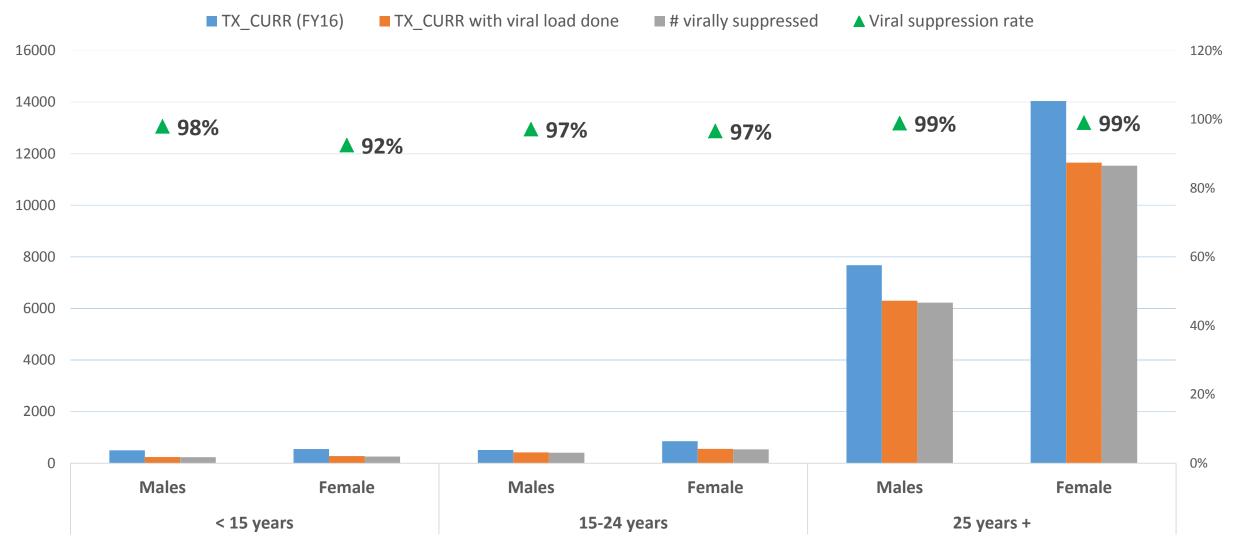


FY 16 Viral Load Uptake and Suppression By District





FY 16 Viral Load Suppression (30 facilities)

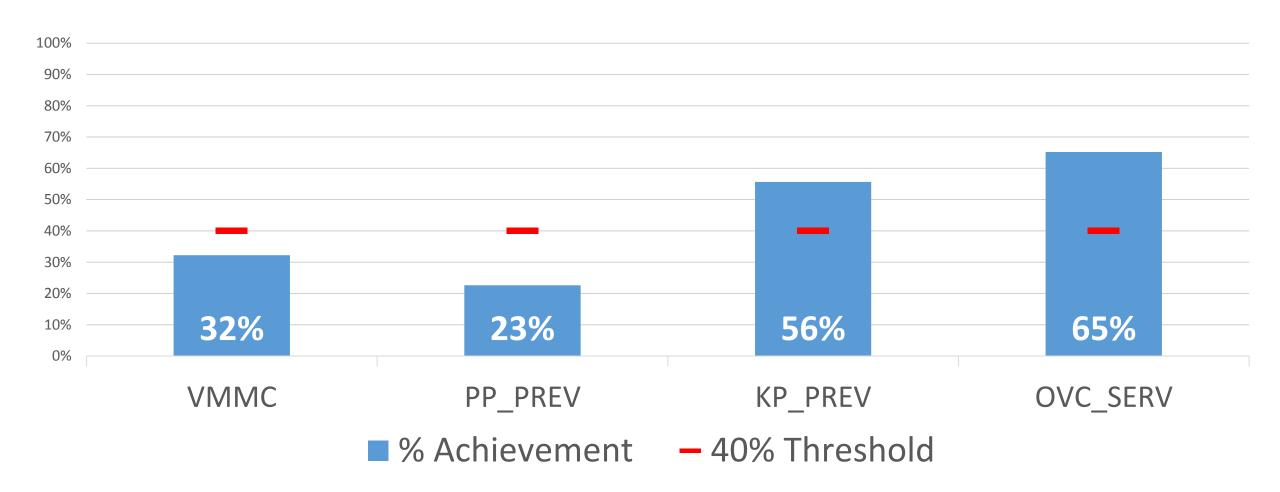




COP 16 Results through Q2 Prevention, VMMC and OVC



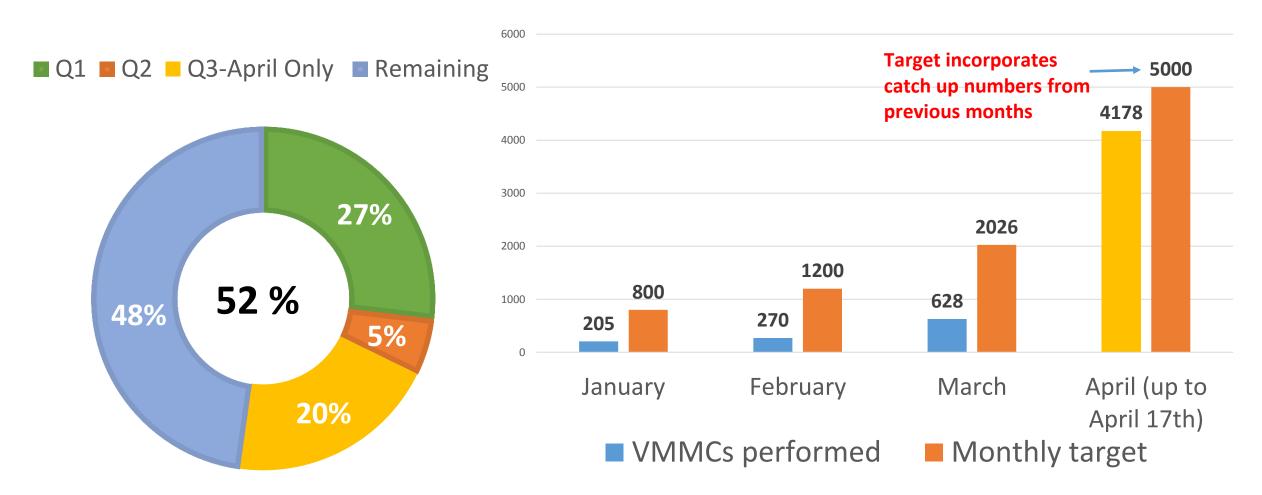
Prevention and OVC through Q2



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VMMC COP16 Achievements Q1 & Q2 plus 17 days in April



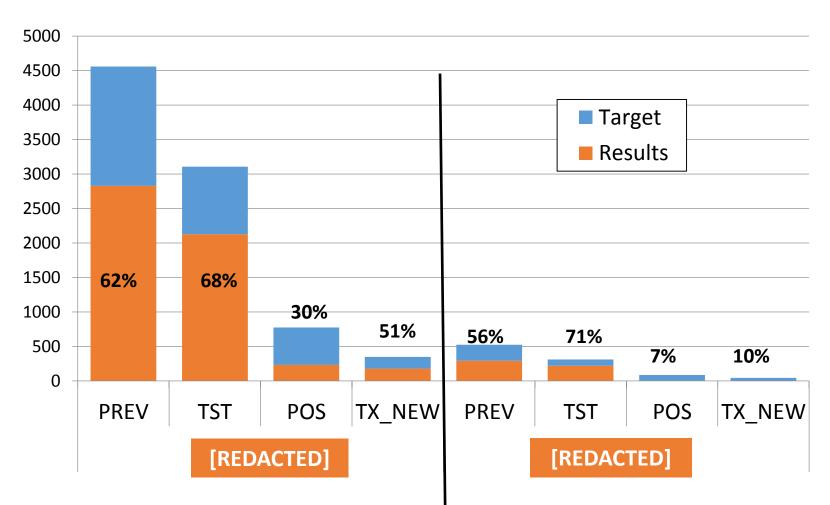
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Key Populations



Key Populations: Achievement Against Targets, SAPR17



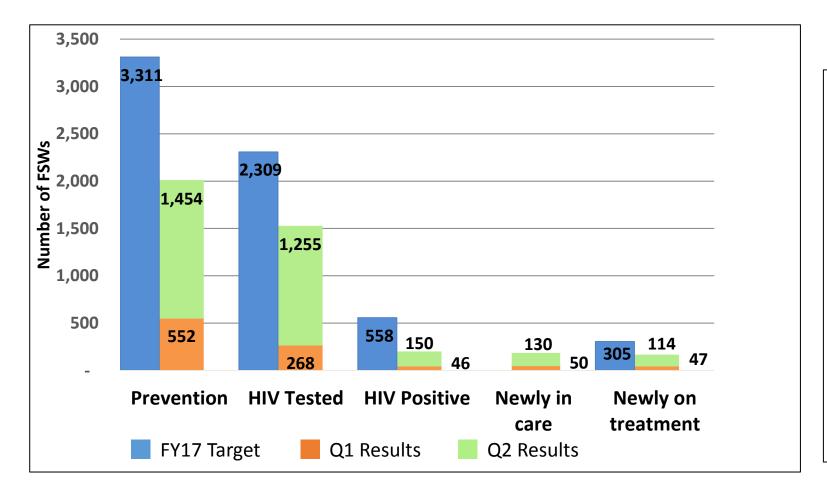
Highlights

- Exceeded 50% on all targets except
 HTC_POS and TX_NEW in Chobe
- Prevention and Testing more than doubles in Q2, although Yield declined
- [REDACTED]

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FSW Cascade: [REDACTED] SAPR FY17



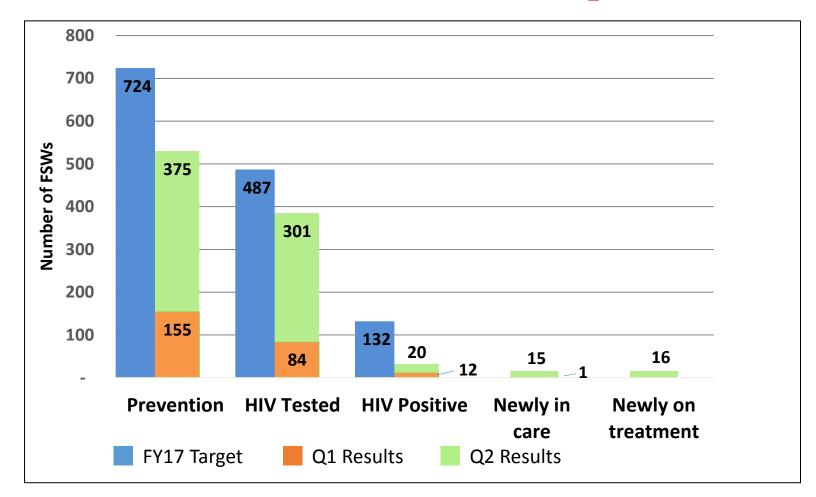
Highlights

- 76% of those reached with Prevention tested for HIV (1523/2006)
- 13% Yield
- 91% of HIV+ were linked to care (180/196)
- 82% of HIV+ initiated treatment (161/196)

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MSM Cascade: [REDACTED] SAPR FY17



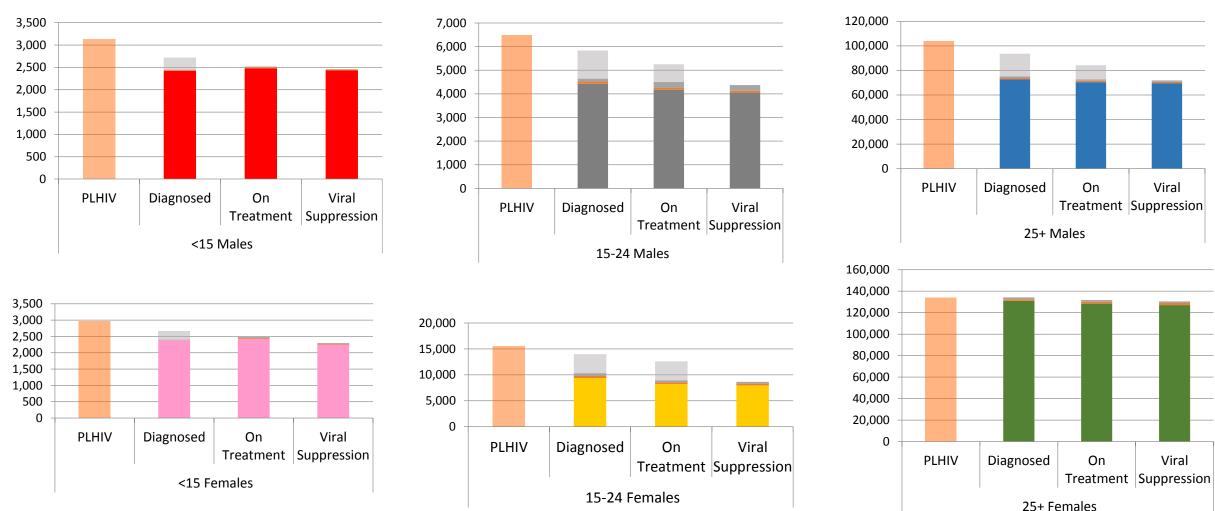
Highlights

- 73% of those reached with Prevention tested for HIV (385/530)
- 8% Yield
- 50% of HIV+ were linked to care (16/32)
- 50% of HIV+ initiated treatment (16/32)

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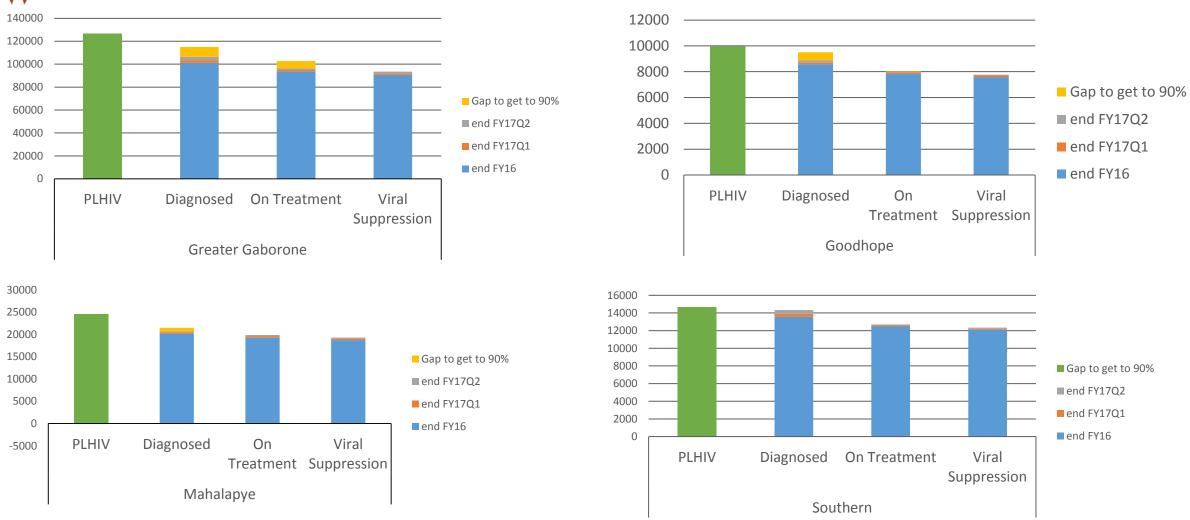
COP 16 CASCADE through Q2 by Age and Sex



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COP 16 Cascade through Q2 by SNU

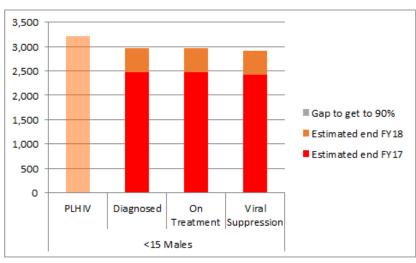


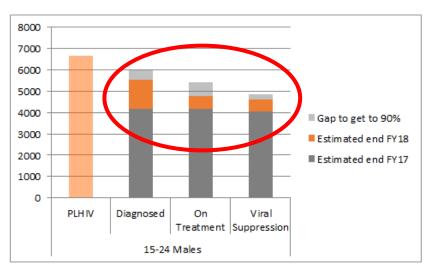
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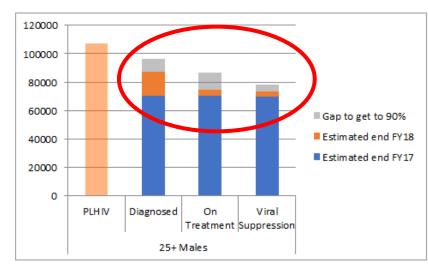


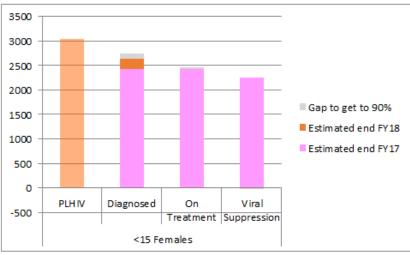


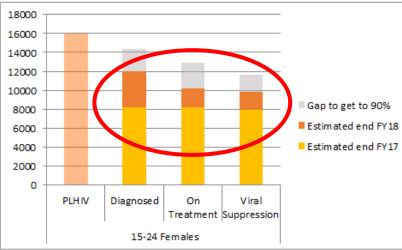
Cascades by Age & Sex as of end of COP17

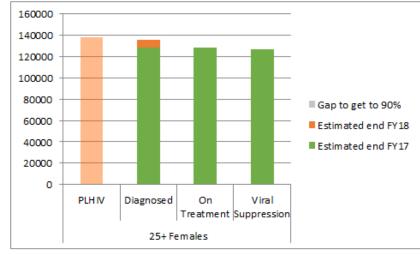










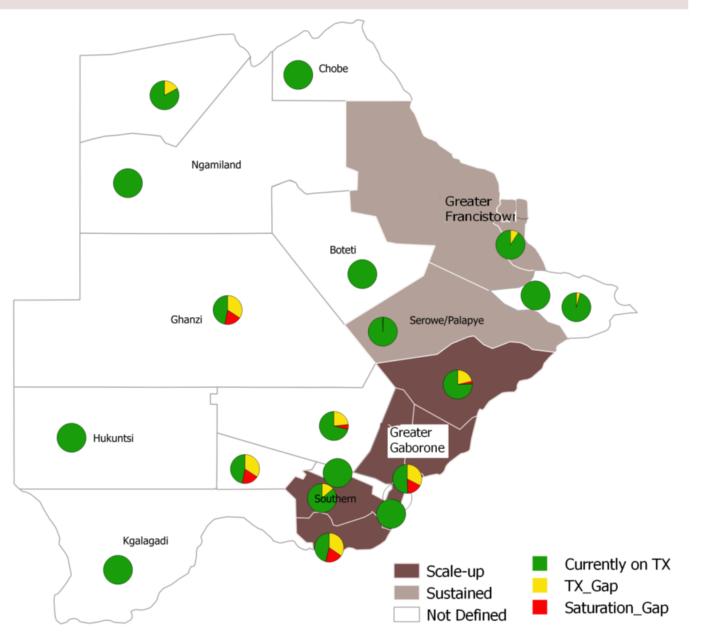




Treatment Gap

Twelve out of the 24
Health Districts
nationally have saturated
(81% on ART) based on
overall ART coverage
only.

Botswana Organisational Unit FY16 Treatment Gap

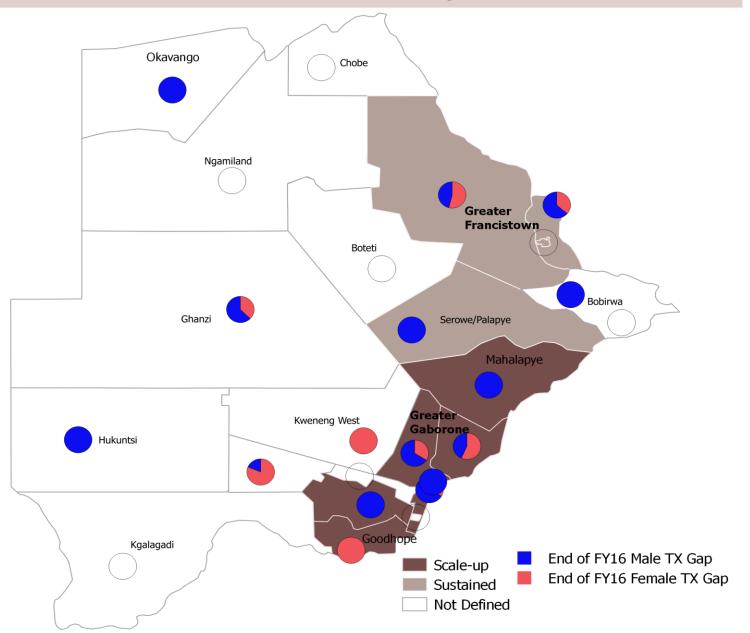




Male-Female Treatment Gap

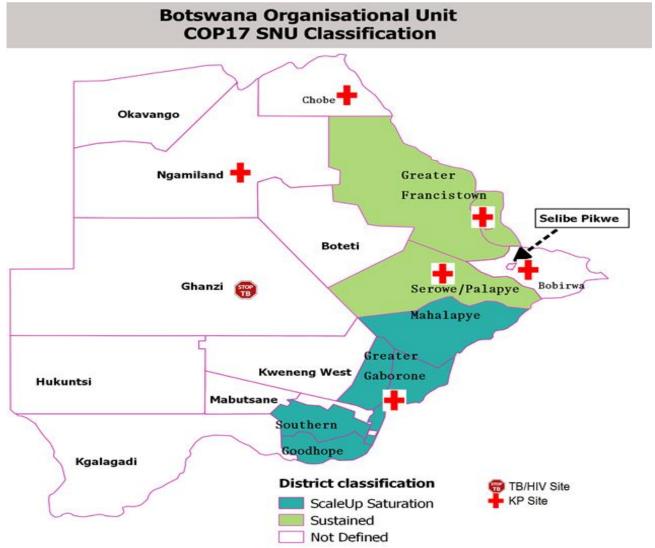
Eight Districts
nationally have
saturated based on
ART coverage
disaggregated by Sex
only.

Botswana Organisational Unit Male-Female Tx Gap



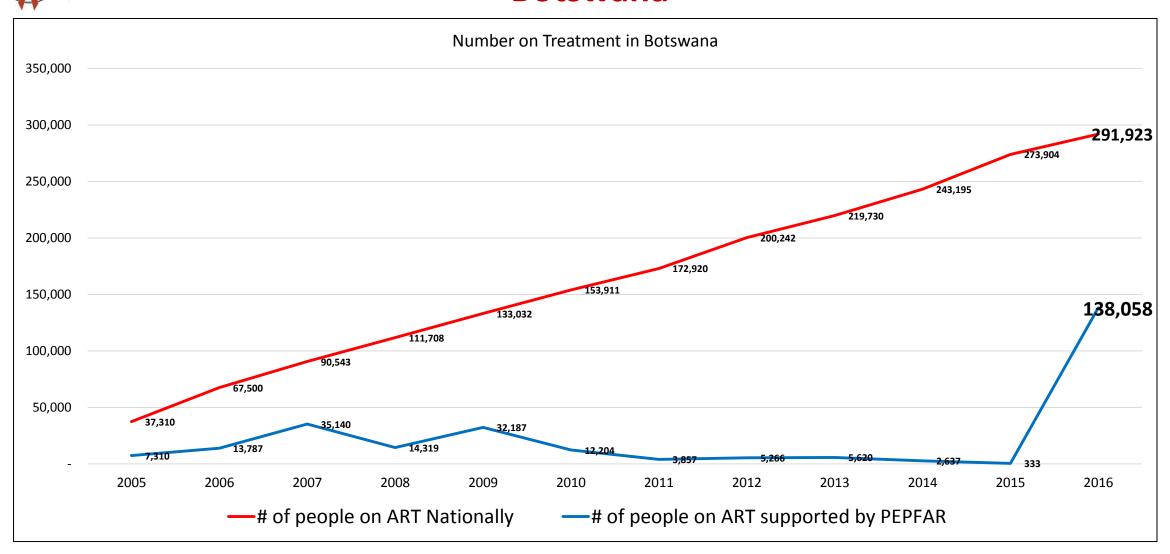


COP17 SNU Prioritization



| SNU | COP17 Prioritization |
|--------------------|------------------------------|
| Gr. Gaborone | Scale-up Saturation |
| Goodhope | Scale-up Saturation |
| Mahalapye | Scale-up Saturation |
| Southern | Scale-up Saturation |
| Gr. Francistown | Sustained |
| Serowe/Palapye | Sustained |
| Chobe | Sustained ¹ |
| Ghanzi | Sustained ¹ |
| Ngamiland | Sustained ¹ |
| Selibe-Phikwe | Sustained ¹ |
| All Other SNUs (9) | Central Support ² |

National and PEPFAR Trend for Individuals currently on Treatment Botswana





Summary of COP 2017 Targets by Prioritization

| COP17 Priority | COP17 Target (APR18) HTC_Test (Incl PMTCT and EID) | COP17 Target (APR18) HTC_Pos (Incl PMTCT and EID) | COP17 Target (APR18) Tx_New | COP17 Target (APR18) Tx_CURR | COP17 Target (APR18) OVC_Serv | COP17 Target (APR18) KP_Prev | COP17 Target (APR18) PP_Prev | COP17 Target (APR18) VMMC |
|-------------------|---|--|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| TOTAL | 433,167 | 33,098 | 37,780 | 211,002 | 18,145 | 5,386 | 54,774 | 26,300 |
| Saturation | 402,692 | 31,480 | 29,731 | 137,508 | 16,999 | 2,848 | 49,009 | 21,000 |
| Sustained | 19,244 | 1,381 | 8,042 | 72,187 | 496 | 2,538 | 2,123 | 2,350 |
| Other | 5,931 | 237 | 7 | 1,307 | 650 | | 3,642 | 2,450 |
| [REDACTED] | [REDACTED] | | | | | | | [REDACTED] |



Impact over time: Tx_New and Tx_CURR Details

| COP 17 Priority | TX_New: APR 2016 Achieve ment | TX_CURR APR16 Achieve ment | COP 16 # of SNUs | TX_New: FY 2017 Target / FY 2017 Results to- date | TX_CURR: FY 2017 Target / FY 2017 Results to- date | COP 17 # of SNUs | TX_Ne w: COP 2017 Target (APR 2018) | TX_CURR : COP 2017 Target (APR 2018) | Net New: COP 2017 |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|---|--|---------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| TOTAL | 10,802 | 138,038 | 19 | 6,847 | 135,731 | 19 | 37,780 | 211,002 | 16,846 |
| Saturation | 6,274 | 75,176 | 3 | 1,064 | 21,921 | 4 | 29,731 | 137,508 | 15,980 |
| Aggressive | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2,943 | 57,234 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sustained | 4,439 | 50,913 | 2 | 2,742 | 54,342 | 6 | 8,042 | 72,187 | 859 |
| Other | 89 | 11,949 | 13 | 98 | 2,234 | 9 | 7 | 1,307 | 7 |



Expected FY17 ART Coverage and FY18 TX_NEW Targets Attainment targeting

| | | | Expected FY17 TX Coverage | | | | | | | Expected FY17 TX Coverage FY18 TX_NEW in Scale-up Sat SNUs | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|----------------|--------|--------------|--|----------------|------------------|--------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| SNU | COP17 PSNU | <15, Male | <15, Female | 15-24, Male | 15-24, Female | 25+, Male | 25+, Female | Total | <15, Male | <15, Female | 15-24, Male | 15-24, Female | 25+, Male | 25+, Female | | | |
| Greater Gaborone | ScaleUp Sat | 76% | 78% | <mark>52</mark> % | 44% | 60% | 89% | 24,495 | 195 | 141 | 1,183 | 3,195 | 14,535 | 5,246 | | | |
| Serowe/Palapye | Sustained | 66% | 99% | 56 % | 57 % | 73% | 131% | 3,190 | 45 | 25 | 133 | 227 | 1,252 | 1,508 | | | |
| Mahalapye | ScaleUp Sat | 53 % | 64% | 61% | 62% | 67% | 92% | 2,692 | 52 | 38 | 90 | 212 | 1,231 | 1,069 | | | |
| Greater Francistown | Sustained | 90% | 88% | 90% | 67% | 76% | 101% | 4,684 | 53 | 53 | 101 | 230 | 1,486 | 2,762 | | | |
| Southern | ScaleUp Sat | 113% | 102% | 71% | 56 <mark>%</mark> | 72% | 98% | 1,239 | 15 | 12 | 35 | 122 | 523 | 532 | | | |
| Goodhope | ScaleUp Sat | 129% | 63% | 292% | 44% | 120% | 66% | 1,304 | 8 | 21 | 13 | 180 | 213 | 869 | | | |



COP17 HTC_POS Targets by Gender, Age & Scale-up SNU

| | | <15 Ma | le | | 15-24 Ma | le | | 25+ Mal | е | | | | |
|------------------|----------|---------|-----------------|----------|-----------|--------------------|------------|---------|-----------------|------------------|----------|--------|-----------------|
| Scale-up | | | COP17 | | | COP1 7 Targe | | | COP17 | | | | |
| SNU | Coverage | Gap | Target | Coverage | Gap | t | Coverage | Gap | Target | | | | |
| Greater Gaborone | 76% | 369 | 202 | 52% | 1,563 | 1,225 | 60% | 20,443 | 15,055 | | | | |
| Mahalapye | 53% | 134 | 68 | 61% | 234 | 98 | 67% | 3,167 | 1,162 | | | | |
| Southern | 100% | 0 | 0 | 71% | 108 | 26 | 72% | 1,614 | 603 | | | | |
| Goodhope | 100% | 0 | 0 | 100% | 0 | 0 | 100% | 0 | 0 | | | Total | |
| Total (Males) | 78% | 504 | 270 | 58% | 1,905 | 1,350 | 64% | 25,223 | 16,820 | Scale-up SNU | Coverage | Gap* | COP17 Target |
| | | | | | | | | | | Greater Gaborone | 74% | 33,256 | 25,372 |
| | <: | 15 Fema | ale | 1! | 5-24 Fema | ale | 25+ Female | | | Mahalapye | 79% | 5,223 | 2,281 |
| Scale-up SNU | Coverage | Gap | COP17 Target | Coverage | Gap | COP1 | Coverage | Gap | COP17 Target | Southern | 85% | 2,208 | 824 |
| Greater Gaborone | 78% | 297 | 146 | 44% | 4,037 | 3,309 | 89% | 6,546 | 5,434 | Goodhope | 79% | 2,119 | 1,652 |
| Mahalapye | 64% | 99 | 45 | 62% | 549 | 200 | 92% | 1,041 | 709 | Total | 76% | 42,806 | 30,129 |
| Southern | 100% | 0 | 0 | 56% | 371 | 92 | 98% | 141 | 101 | | | _ | |
| Goodhope | 63% | 54 | 21 | 44% | 430 | 177 | 66% | 2,238 | 1,454 | | | | |
| Total (Females) | 77% | 450 | 212 | 47% | 5,387 | 3,778 | 89% | 9,966 | 7,698 | | | | |

| 13 | |
|----|--|
| | |
| | |

| Expected end of FY | | <15 y | years | 15-24 | years | 25 years + | | |
|---------------------|-------------|---------|-------------|--------|-------------|-------------|------|--------|
| (Sub Nat) | | Overall | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| Greater Gaborone | ScaleUp Sat | 74% | 76% | 78% | 52 % | 44% | 60% | 89% |
| Mahalapye | ScaleUp Sat | 79% | 53 % | 64% | 61% | 62% | 67% | 92% |
| Southern | ScaleUp Sat | 85% | 113% | 102% | 71% | 56 % | 72% | 98% |
| Goodhope | ScaleUp Sat | 79% | 129% | 63% | 292% | 44% | 120% | 66% |
| Serowe/Palapye | Sustained | 98% | 66% | 99% | 56% | 57 % | 73% | 131% |
| Greater Francistown | Sustained | 89% | 90% | 88% | 90% | 67% | 76% | 101% |

| Expected end of FY18 ART Coverage | | | <15 y | years | 15-24 | years | 25 ye | ears + |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|---------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------|--------|
| (Sub Nat) | | Overall | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| Greater Gaborone | ScaleUp Sat | 88% | 86% | 86% | 86% | 86% | 86% | 95% |
| Mahalapye | ScaleUp Sat | 84% | 81% | 81% | 81% | 81% | 81% | 92% |
| Southern | ScaleUp Sat | 88% | 113% | 102% | 81% | 81% | 81% | 98% |
| Goodhope | ScaleUp Sat | 89% | 129% | 81% | 292% | 81% | 120% | 81% |
| Serowe/Palapye | Sustained | 101% | 81% | 99% | 81% | 81% | 81% | 131% |
| Greater Francistown | Sustained | 90% | 90% | 88% | 90% | 81% | 81% | 101% |



First 90 Strategies



COP17 HTS Package of services

1. Refined PITC plans/Expanded PITC beyond OPD

Target: 25+ females and some older men in all districts

- Expanding inpatient and AE dept. testing
- Targeting high risk AGYW in PMTCT
- Index Testing
- Screening Presumptive TB & STI patients for HIV

Intensified Partner Monitoring

3. Targeted community Testing

Target: Young males (15-24) & young females (15-24) through

- Targeted testing (mobile, venue based, hotspots, etc..)
- Targeting HIV-infected AGYW in DREAMS districts
- Targeted social network testing for KP
- Piloting Self testing FSWs & MSM and their regular sex partners

2. Expanded Index & Family testing

Target: older men 25+ & AGYW 15-24

- Index partner elicitation for HIV+ women
- Testing of children of unknown HIV status (Paeds)
- Testing for index partners who fail to show up at health facilities for testing
- Targeting HIV-infected AGYW in DREAMS districts

4. Strengthening Linkage to Care Rates

All IPs required to:

- Counsel on treatment readiness
- To track HIV+ referrals to IDCC clinics
- Those who don't enroll tracked through home/phone visits
- SOP development for MoH and partners



COP 17 HTS Positive Targets and UE by Modality



Targeted FY18 HTS_TST_POS

Budgeted UE per positive



Second 90 Strategies



Strategy and programmatic direction - Facility

Package of services: PMTCT and TB/HIV in both districts

PMTCT: <u>Passive</u> integration of services at child welfare in support of mother baby pair tracking, Introduction of Cohort Registers

TB/HIV: Presumptive TB and TB case identification and linking them to HIV services

DREAMS in Greater Gaborone

CERVICAL CANCER: support scale up of primary and secondary prevention

Scale up Saturation

Active implementation linkage to care and Tx

- Fast tracking Tx initiation
- Multi-month scripting (stable)
- Develop OI SOP (with advanced disease)
- Cotrimoxazole treatment
- Support adherence and retention

Review of VL cascade

Improved turn-around time and Use of results

PMTCT

EID uptake, HEI Cohort registers, ART at L&D, Fast tracking Tx.

DREAMS Like Activities (Greater Gaborone ONLY)

- PEP for survivors of GBV
- PrEP for FSW, MSM and AGYW
- Youth friendly services

Sustained

"Baseline Approach": Passive

- VL monitoring
- Customized supportive retention services by age and sex bands

"Micro-epidemic Control Approach" Active

- Youth friendly services
- Active linkage to care and TX
- Fast tracking treatment initiations,
- evening/weekend hours for men
- Multi month Scripting and Dispensing for stable patients
- Women age <25 and Men <30yrs



Strategy and programmatic direction - Community

Scale up Saturation

- Active linkage to treatment for newly diagnosed patients
- Patient tracking for previously diagnosed clients
- Demand creation for Treat All
- Treatment literacy
- ART readiness to support same day initiation
- Community PMTCT
- FP as an entry point to HTC and care and Treatment
- DREAMS in Greater Gaborone

Sustained

Utilizing the Same package of services as Scale Up districts, targeting **Specific age/sex bands** in hot spots:

Greater Francistown:

- Males 25+ years old
- Females 15-24 years old

Ghanzi:

- Males < 15 years
- Males 15-24 years
- Females < 15 years
- Females 25+ years



Third 90 Strategies



Third 90 COP 17 Strategies

Patient Retention

- Client literacy
- Adherence counseling
- Tracking LTFU
- PHDP
- Pharmacovigilance
- Integrated community
 TB HIV services
- Monitoring and defaulter protocol

Viral Load Lab Support

- VL QI
 - VL scorecard
 - Increase capacity for VL Proficiency Testing
- Minimizing VL equipment downtime
 - Ancillary equipment maintenance
 - Rationalizing equipment placement
- VL testing education and reminders at community level

Above Site Support

- Increasing VL testing demand:
 - Implement algorithm for managing detectable VL
 - Patient literacy
 - Failure management
 - Fast tracking of HIV positives to ART
- Increasing VL results reporting/tools



VMMC

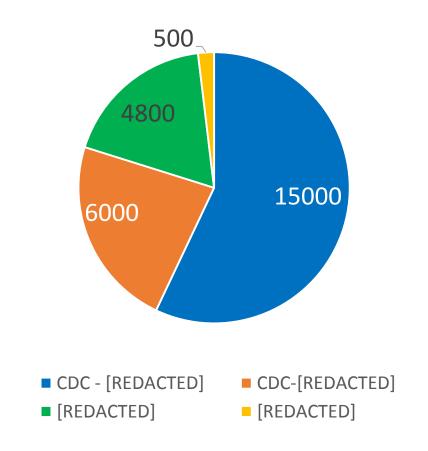


VMMC COP 17 Targets

Summary of target by prioritization

| SNUs | Targets |
|----------------------|---------|
| Scale up | 21000 |
| Sustained and Others | 5300 |
| Total OU Target | 26300 |

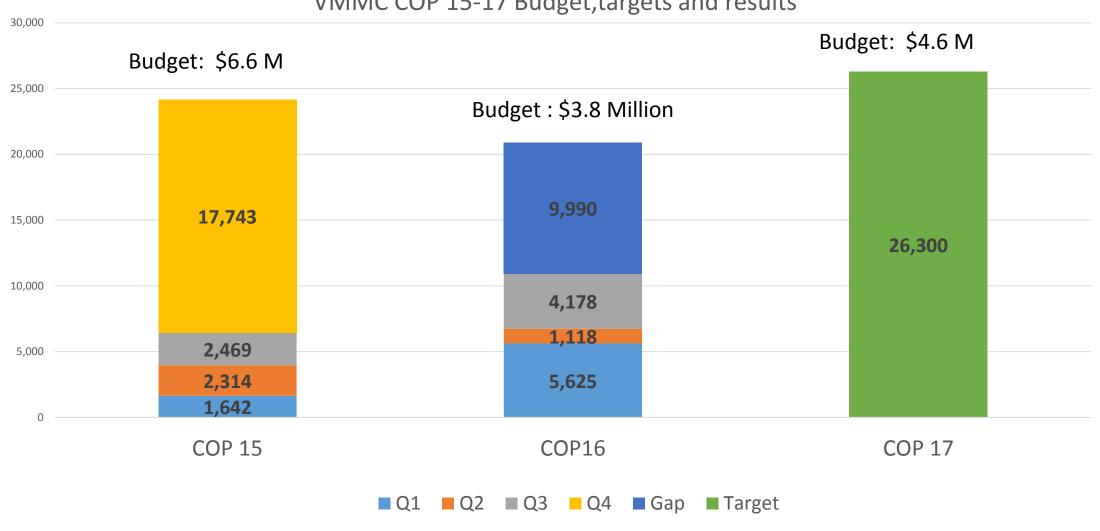
Total proposed COP17 targets by Agency/IP: N= 26300





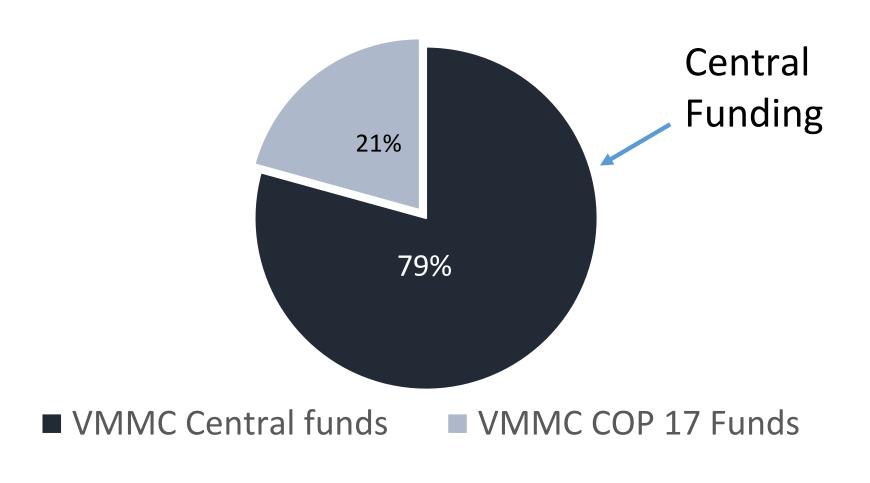
VMMC COP 15-17 Budget, targets and results







COP 17 VMMC Funding



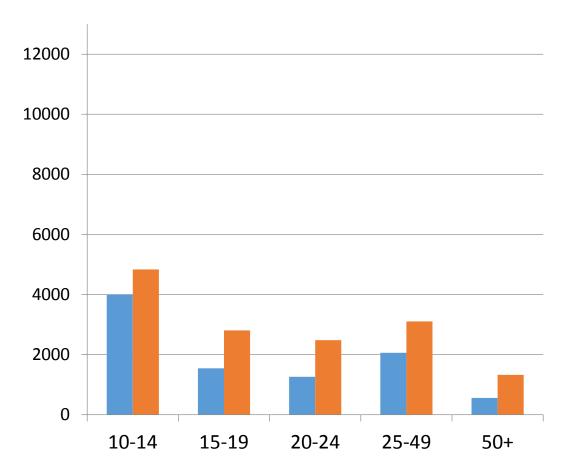


Prevention and Key Populations

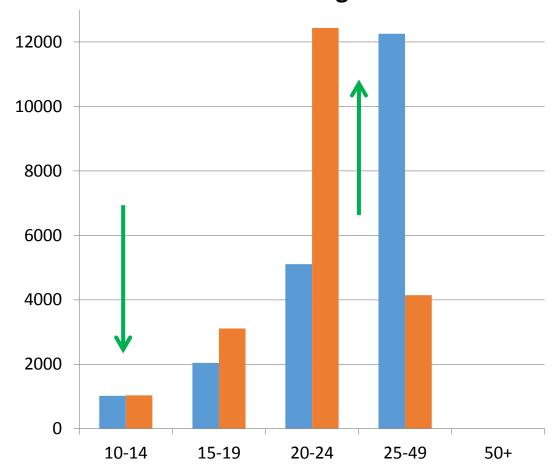


Prevention: Shifting focus in COP17





COP17 Targets







Policy Status:

- PrEP not currently available in public sector clinics, however provided in private sector
 - Botswana 2016 Integrated HIV Clinical Care Guidelines state it will be available in public sector in 2017
- Guidelines do not mention AGYW specifically

AGYW

600

(DREAMS)

1000 **Targeted**

Focus in Greater Gaborone

> 400 **KP**



Key Populations

- LINKAGES will provide comprehensive KP interventions in Chobe, Gaborone, Francistown and Selebi-Phikwe as well as KP ART program in Ngamiland and Palapye.
- Global Fund supports Prevention and Testing of Key populations in Ngamiland and Palapye and refers clients for treatment initiation to LINKAGES.
- All KP sites are treated as Scale-UP
- HIV cascade assessments scheduled for August 2017. Interagency activity to be composed of PEPFAR, Global Fund, and Government of Botswana.
- Initiation of 400 FSW and MSM to oral PrEP
- Self-testing for KP and their clients



Mobile HIV Testing And Counseling Clinic



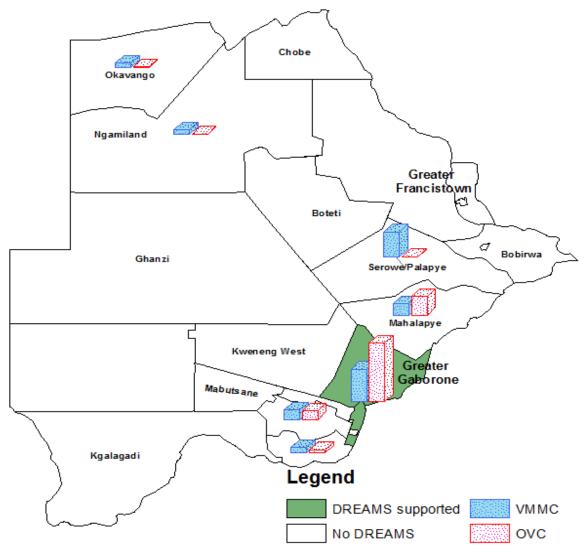
Acceleration campaign to **bring HIV testing** and counseling directly to communities have increased reach allowing the project to achieve HTC and **ART** initiation targets.



DREAMS and **OVC**



Geographic Prioritization for DREAMS-like Activities



Focus Districts: Gaborone and Kweneng East

| Health District | SNU Class | Total AGYW | PLHIV - AGYW |
|------------------|----------------|------------|--------------|
| Gaborone | SU: Saturation | 33,692 | 2,432 |
| Kweneng East | SU: Saturation | 32,914 | 2,879 |
| Percent of Total | | 37.7% | 33.9% |



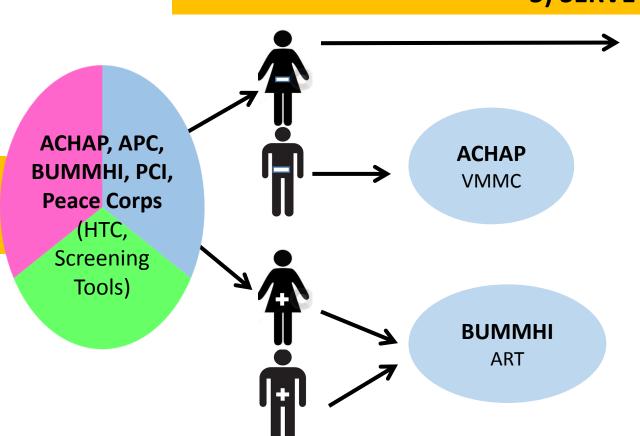
1) FIND

2) SCREEN

Botswana DREAMS Service Delivery Model

GOB Coordination

3) SERVE



APC

Community mobilization, HTC, condoms, HIV and GBV prevention, gender norms

PCI

OVC, parent/caregiver programs, social protection, social asset building, school programs

Peace Corps

Community
mobilization,
social protection,
social asset
building, HIV and
GBV prevention

BUMMHI and APC

Mixed method contraceptive mix, *PrEP, postviolence care, PEP

4) TRACK



COP17 Direction for DREAMS-like activities

| DREAMS Interventions | Females 10-14 | Females 15-19 | Females 20-24 |
|------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Empower AGYW and reduce risk | School based HIV and violence prevention and social asset building post-GBV clinical care and community support services HTS | School based HIV and violence prevention and social asset building post-GBV clinical care and community support services HTS, PrEP and Condoms | post-GBV services (clinical care and community) Improve contraceptive method mix HTS, PrEP and Condoms |
| Strengthen | | Parent/Caregiver programs | |

ther es

Household Economic Strengthening

Families

Household Economic Strengthening

Mobilize communities for change

Community dialogues to identify and address norms that increase AGYW risk for HIV and violence

(e.g., SASA!) to address norms change for HIV and violence prevention

Evidence-based interventions

Reduce risk of sex partners

Sexual education focusing on gender norms, violence prevention, and the value of girls

Analyze VACS data to characterize male sexual partners of AGYW to target with VMMC and ART



OVC HIV RISK AVOIDANCE FOR 9-14 YEAR OLDS



School based programs (examples):

- HIV prevention
- Access, retention and progression in school
- Access to social asset building and social protection services



Linkage to health services

- HTS
- VMMC
- Treatment





Family strengthening programs:

- Parents/caregiver programs (Sinovuyo, Go Families, Families Matter)
- Household Economic
 Strengthening e.g Grass Roots
 Building our Wealth GROW



OVC GBV PREVENTION AND RESPONSE

Community Level Interventions:

Community Mobilization to:

- Increase awareness of existing <u>social protection laws</u> (Domestic Violence and Children's Acts)
- Change community norms to address violence prevention

School interventions

- Education on GBV (life skills through PACT clubs) and addressing <u>community norms that increase</u> risk of violence
- Increase awareness of existing social protection laws (<u>Domestic Violence and Children's Acts</u>)
- <u>Identification</u> of GBV cases, <u>referrals</u> for postviolence clinical care and <u>provision</u> of community support services

Family interventions

- Increase awareness of existing social protection laws (<u>Domestic Violence and Children's Acts</u>)
- <u>Identification</u> of GBV cases, <u>referrals</u> for postviolence clinical care and <u>provision</u> of community support services
- Household Economic Strengthening through savings groups (<u>incorporate GBV and HIV</u> <u>prevention education</u>)



BCPP



BCPP Next Steps for Study Completion



- Currently at 95% overall for 1st 90, but at 84% for men 35-64. Emphasis on reaching 1st 90 in all communities and among men. HIV testing campaign ends Sept. 30, 2017.
- Currently at 84% overall for 2nd 90. Significantly over 81% for women in all groups. Under 81% for men in all age groups. Focus on tracking and tracing all PLHIV who have not linked to care and PLHIV that linked but did not initiate ART complete tracing in next 3 months and conduct clinical follow-up through December 2017.
- Work with PEPFAR program to provide technical assistance to intervention communities to increase pediatric ART coverage through strengthened EID, PITC and Index testing including initiation of ART.
- Complete and implement study closeout plan including transition of 4 BCPP intervention sites into COP17 portfolio post-study.
- Complete data cleaning and analysis. Continue to share study findings with the PEPFAR program, incountry stakeholders and scientific community.

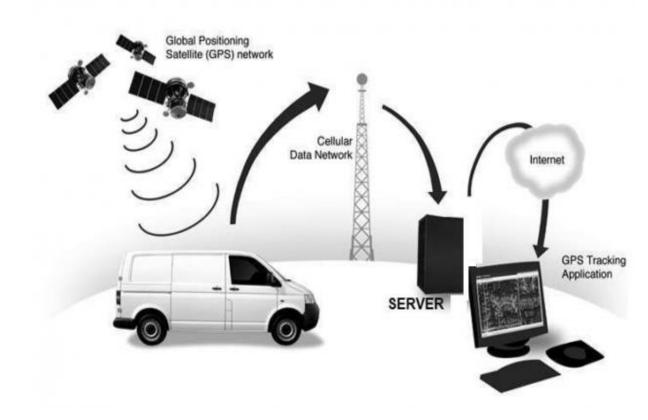


Commodities



DTG Tracking

- The USG team has developed a commodity tracker plan for warehousing and distribution
 - Visibility from manufacturer to consumer.
- The intent of the plan is to
 - Distribute through CMS to 212
 national ART cluster sites (which
 include PEPFAR sites) through the
 District Health Management Teams
 (DHMTs)





Key Commodities Summary

| COM_CAT | COM_ITEM | COM_QUANT | COM_UP | COM_UC | COM_BUDGET |
|----------------|---|-----------|------------|---------------------|-------------|
| Category | Item description ItemsList | Quantity | Unit price | Inclusive unit cost | |
| Adult 1st line | TDF/FTC | 1,081,987 | \$5.50 | \$6.60 | \$7,141,114 |
| VMMC | MC KIT, Reusable Non Sterile (FG and DS) | 1,400 | \$26.00 | \$31.20 | \$43,680 |
| VMMC | MC Kit, Sterile Single use, For all Surgical Procedures | 4,900 | \$15.40 | \$18.48 | \$90,552 |
| VMMC | MC Kit, Sterile, Single use, Essential Consumables | 3,900 | \$5.40 | \$6.48 | \$25,272 |
| RTKs | Determine HIV 1/2 | 4,866 | \$88.00 | \$105.60 | \$513,850 |
| RTKs | Uni-gold | 4,519 | \$35.00 | \$42.00 | \$189,798 |
| RTKs | Disposable Pasteur Pipettes (Ungraduated), 20ul | 486,594 | \$0.40 | \$0.48 | \$233,565 |
| TB/HIV | GeneXpert Cartridges, Tests 50 | 117 | \$499.00 | \$598.80 | \$70,060 |
| Adult 1st line | TDF/FTC | 1,940 | \$5.50 | \$6.60 | \$12,804 |
| RTKs | OraQuick: In-Home HIV Test | 10,856 | \$4.50 | \$5.40 | \$58,622 |
| Adult 1st line | DTG | 1,069,820 | \$3.75 | \$4.50 | \$4,814,190 |
| Adult 1st line | DTG | 970 | \$22.35 | \$26.82 | \$26,015 |
| Adult 1st line | TDF/FTC/EFV (TEE) | 6,999 | \$8.10 | \$9.72 | \$68,030 |
| Adult 1st line | TDF/FTC/EFV (TEE) | 100 | \$8.10 | \$9.72 | \$972 |



Above Site – Table 6



Table 6: Strategic Alignment

Realigned

 Realigned activities to ensure systems and policies support target achievement under Treat ALL

Updated

 Updated per anticipated achievements in FY17 with rapid acceleration of testing and treatment strategies in collaboration with GoB and other stakeholders

Added

 Added new SI activities to link data systems to allow for case-based surveillance and monitoring progress along the cascade.



Table 6: Birds-Eye View

Programmatic Gaps (6.1)

6.1.1: HRH

6.1.2: Health Financing

6.1.3: Supply Chain

Policy Gaps (6.2)

6.2.1: Treat ALL

Rapid Initiation; Non-citizens; Quality Lab

6.2.2: SD Models

Patient-centered; Community Role System Invest (6.3)

Governance: TB Plan

Org Devel.: Pharmacovigilance

Lab: CB, Mgmt, CQI; HIV, TB, and Crypto testing System Invest (6.3)

SI Systems: Infrastructure, TA for TB HIS, PIMS, IPMS, DHIS, SMS, DW, Cmty

SI Use: Case-Based Surveillance, Lab reporting, Cascade reporting, Early Warning

SI Studies/Surveys: BAIS-TBPrev; BBSS II; OVC Situation; OVC MER; OR (GBV referral, PrEP, cascade leaks); Network Analysis



HRH Sustainability: CHWs

Joint assessment with GF to understand HRH labor market and how it can support task shifting and be supported through health financing

Labor Market
Assessment
Task Sharing
Community
Guidelines

National taskforce identifying opportunities

to share tasks between facility and

community health workers. To be

incorporated into Guidelines

Price tag for implementing a community program

National guidelines for CHWs with standardized operational procedures and requirements, profiles and qualifications



HRH Sustainability: Site-level positions

Long term/Sustainability Plan

- Negotiate with the MOHW for absorption post PEPFAR support
- Successful absorption process in the past, e.g. BNTP and NCCPP Program manager positions and several other data management positions.

Criteria for determination of placement and monitoring effectiveness

- High burden facilities not capable of expanding ART services to evening and weekends to target men and youth due to HRH issues (both scale up districts and sustained districts in hotspots)
- Number of facilities operating extended hours, weekly monitoring of TX_New with a clear increase
 of new initiations

"Value added" of additional staff?

• The "value added" could have both replacement effect and additive

Cost of placing staff:

• Assuming a Government Salary scale of C3 (degree holders) C4 (diploma holders) for both nurses and pharmacy technicians at a cost price of \$800 and \$1000 per month respectively.



Stakeholder Engagement



COP17 Timeline of Engagement

| Date | COP 17 Activities/Engagement |
|---------------|--|
| January 19-20 | PEPFAR/B Interagency Team Retreat to review strategic guidance letter and programs |
| February 1 | External Stakeholder Retreat to reviewed strategic guidance letter, gather feedback |
| February 28 | PEPFAR/B participation at GoB's National Strategic Framework planning meeting |
| March 9 | 2 nd Stakeholder Retreat to review DCMM outcomes and collect further feedback |
| March 12 | SDS submitted to stakeholders |
| March 16 | SDS submission to OGAC |
| March 22-23 | PEPFAR/B 's New Directions in Global Health seminar in Maun (key population site) |
| April 20 | Met with Stakeholders representing CSOs for COP Review Meeting |
| April 22-24 | COP17 Review, approval, and validation in Johannesburg, South Africa |



COP17 Feedback

| Feedback incorporated | Feedback not incorporated |
|---|---|
| Targeted PrEP for key populations and AGYW | PrEP for all |
| DREAMS-like Programming and more emphasis on Prevention | Purchase of RTK and other commodities to prevent GoB stock outs across the country (non PEPFAR supported sites) |
| Emphasis on community services and differentiated service delivery models | Supporting interventions outside of PEPFAR priority districts |
| Supporting Treat All as a priority (esp. testing, drugs) | Building local CSO capacity (administrative, financial and M&E) |
| Technical Support for supply chain and CMS (including PC volunteers in clinics) | Collaboration with the private sector on PPP activities |
| High Level advocacy for key populations work and non- citizens | Additional research or secondary research for better understanding of YRBSS |
| Support for Health Information Systems and Data Warehouse | HRH support for MOHW (e.g. hire additional M&E staff) |
| TA for Treat All communications strategy | 98 |



Budget



COP17 Funding Letter: Epidemic Control Funding Budget by Activity

| Activity | Amount |
|---|--------------|
| Care and Treatment - hot spots in sustained districts | \$3,000,000 |
| Same day initiation | \$2,105,875 |
| Self-Testing | \$102,109 |
| DREAMS-like Activities | \$4,792,016 |
| TOTAL | \$10,000,000 |

Recognizing this gap and potential for immediate impact, the PEPFAR Botswana team is eligible for \$10,000,000 in Epidemic Control funding to ensure case finding (including HIV self-testing) in under 25 yo women and under 30 yo men, immediate linking to treatment including same day initiation, and increasing prevention of new infections in young women and men through DREAMS-like and VMMC activities. Of this \$10,000,000, a minimum of \$3,000,000 should be used to support care and treatment of identified age groups in hot spots located in sustained areas. In addition, Botswana will receive \$3,000,000 in one-time central



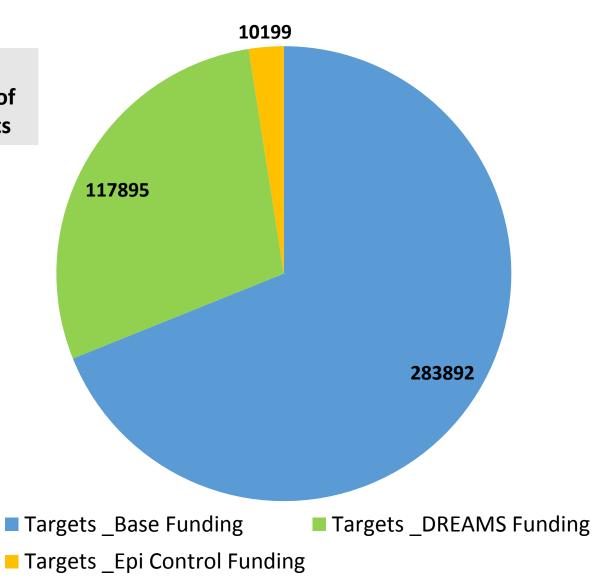
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COP17 Testing Targets: Base vs. Epi Funding

HTC Total Targets = 411,986







COP16 vs COP17 Budget Code Totals

| Budget Code | Budget Code Description | COP 2017 (New, Applied, Central) | COP 2016 approved |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| CIRC | Male Circumcision | \$4,619,126 | \$3,674,800 |
| HKID | Orphans and Vulnerable Children | \$5,055969 | \$5,086,341 |
| HTXS | Adult Treatment | \$7,404,920 | \$8,237,165 |
| HTXD | ARV Drugs | \$12,773,553 | \$160,000 |
| HVTB | TB/HIV Care | \$3,275,402 | \$3,786,212 |
| НВНС | Adult Care and Support | \$9,767,764 | \$3,674,800 |
| PDCS | Pediatric Care and Support | \$208,947 | \$400,000 |
| PDTX | Pediatric Treatment | \$167,263 | \$400,000 |
| MTCT | Mother to Child Transmission | \$516,082 | \$177,500 |
| HVCT | Counseling and Testing | \$7,666,462 | \$6,311,293 |
| HVOP | Other Sexual Prevention | \$3,384,348 | \$1,775,305 |
| HVAB | Abstinence/Be Faithful Prevention | \$39,411 | \$0 |
| HLAB | Lab | \$137,744 | \$170,000 |
| HVSI | Strategic Information | \$3,263,284 | \$550,000 |
| OHSS | Health Systems Strengthening | \$1,572,157 | \$930,640 |
| HVMS | Management and Operations | \$11,798,010 | \$11,530,994 |



COP17 Agency Allocations and Pipeline

| | New FY 2017 Funding | Applied Pipeline | Central | Total Planning Level |
|-------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| HHS/CDC | \$15,954,523 | \$2,401,234 | \$5,645,932 | \$24,001,689 |
| HHS/HRSA | \$4,899,065 | \$440,000 | \$562,000 | \$5,901,065 |
| USAID | \$16,564,681 | \$5,185,826 | \$13,750,000 | \$35,500,507 |
| Peace Corps | \$421,713 | \$1,878,287 | | \$2,300,000 |
| State | \$62,650 | \$401,042 | | \$463,692 |
| DoD | \$354,827 | \$636,153 | \$202,068 | \$1,193,048 |
| Total | \$38,257,460 | \$10,942,541 | \$20,160,000 | \$69,360,000 |

• COP17 Minimum Pipeline Requirement: \$10,667,244

• Central VMMC Funds: \$3,660,000

• BCPP: \$6,100,000

• Health Information Systems for Impact: \$3,000,000

• Second Year, Game Changer: \$7,400,000



Earmark Allocations

PEPFAR Botswana met or exceeded all Earmarks

- New FY 2017 funds allocated to care and treatment: \$20,135,164
 - COP17 requirement: \$20,112,691
- New FY 2017 funds allocated to OVC: \$3,406,910
 - COP17 requirement: \$3,395,315
- New FY 2017 funds allocated to water: \$50,000
 - COP17 requirement: \$50,000
- New FY 2017 funds allocated to GBV: \$1,000,120
 - COP17 requirement: \$735,000



Summary of Final PBAC

| | | | | SUMMARY | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Budget Code Description | ТВВ | Commodities | Above | Site | PM,SI | M&O | Total | Applied Pipeline | New | Central Funding |
| Male Circumcision | \$3 575 210 | \$159 504 | \$0 | \$0 | \$732 173 | \$152 239 | \$4 619 126 | \$636 153 | \$322 973 | \$3 660 000 |
| Adult Care and Support | \$2 508 376 | \$0 | \$1 728 600 | \$3 244 829 | \$2 000 378 | \$285 581 | \$9 767 764 | \$1 115 920 | \$8 651 844 | \$0 |
| Orphans and Vulnerable Children | \$2 210 420 | \$0 | \$1 636 260 | \$0 | \$1 197 694 | \$11 595 | \$5 055 969 | \$1 649 059 | \$3 406 910 | \$0 |
| Lab | \$0 | \$0 | \$11 700 | \$0 | \$3 300 | \$122 744 | \$137 744 | \$0 | \$137 744 | \$0 |
| Adult Treatment | \$1 936 589 | \$0 | \$1 103 042 | \$2 791 661 | \$1 270 239 | \$303 389 | \$7 404 920 | \$706 995 | \$6 697 925 | \$0 |
| ARV Drugs | \$0 | \$12 013 100 | \$0 | \$0 | \$625 000 | \$135 453 | \$12 773 553 | \$0 | \$273 553 | \$12 500 000 |
| Counseling and Testing | \$3 635 665 | \$995 835 | \$41 120 | \$1 368 607 | \$1 344 513 | \$280 722 | \$7 666 462 | \$1 576 914 | \$6 089 548 | \$0 |
| Management & Operations | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$9 502 885 | \$9 502 885 | \$3 760 421 | \$5 742 464 | \$0 |
| Other Sexual Prevention | \$1 025 529 | \$0 | \$362 500 | \$956 620 | \$984 019 | \$55 680 | \$3 384 348 | \$474 060 | \$2 910 288 | \$0 |
| Strategic Information | \$0 | \$0 | \$535 860 | \$1 660 660 | \$578 480 | \$488 284 | \$3 263 284 | \$100 000 | \$488 284 | \$2 675 000 |
| ГВ/HIV Care | \$608 000 | \$70 060 | \$815 500 | \$782 438 | \$786 973 | \$212 431 | \$3 275 402 | \$547 308 | \$2 403 094 | \$325 000 |
| njecting and Non-Injecting Drug Jse | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Mother to Child Transmission | \$267 675 | \$0 | \$0 | \$150 000 | \$30 825 | \$67 582 | \$516 082 | \$123 300 | \$392 782 | \$0 |
| Health Systems Strengthening | \$0 | \$0 | \$1 158 062 | \$136 938 | \$205 000 | \$72 157 | \$1 572 157 | \$0 | \$572 157 | \$1 000 000 |
| Pediatric Care and Support | \$40 500 | \$0 | \$0 | \$75 580 | \$25 233 | \$67 634 | \$208 947 | \$106 500 | \$102 447 | \$0 |
| Pediatric Treatment | \$40 500 | \$0 | \$0 | \$75 580 | \$25 233 | \$25 950 | \$167 263 | \$106 500 | \$60 763 | \$0 |
| Blood Safety | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$4 684 | \$4 684 | \$0 | \$4 684 | \$0 |
| njection Safety | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Abstinence/Be Faithful | \$39 411 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$39 411 | \$39 411 | \$0 | \$0 |
| | \$15 887 875 | \$13 238 499 | \$7 392 644 | \$11 242 913 | \$9 809 060 | \$11 789 010 | \$69 360 000 | \$10 942 541 | \$38 257 460 | \$20 160 000 |
| | 23% | 19% | 11% | 16% | 14% | 17% | | | | |

